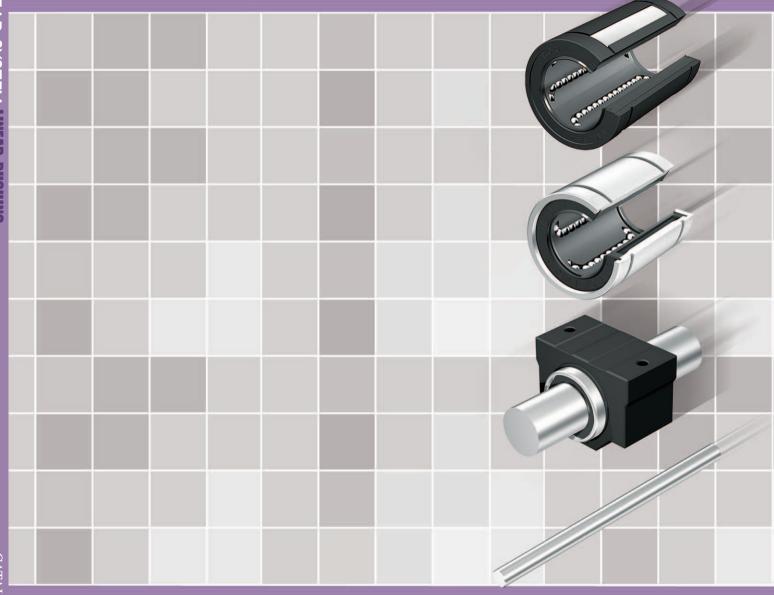
by **SAMICK** the Linear Instinct



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Overall Linear Bushing technology by SAMICK

Look at the technology here, and feel the Instinct of Linear Art at the field.

Product Overview

Product Overview Product Overview





#### Self-Aligning Linear Bushing

- Up to 3 times higher load capacity and 27 times longer travel life compared to a standard linear bushing
- Interchangeable with standard linear bushing
- Travel speeds up to 10ft/s (3m/s)
- ·Smooth operation and reduced maintenance as a result of selfaligning Ball plates (±0.5°)
- · Anti-Rusting Nickel or Chrome plating, Raydent treatment of ball plate, Stainless-steel ball plate (Under LMES12, LMBS8), Stainlesssteel ball

LMES. LMES OP: European standard(mm), p29 LMBS, LMBS OP: American standard(inch), p31











- Allowed Max 7650N the basic dynamic load rating
- Shaft diameter from 60mm to 5mm
- Provide low friction on high-speed movement
- Can be selected resin retainer (standard), and steel retainer (for high temperature & vacuum)
- · Corrosion-resisting: the nickel-plated, Raydent treatment of Outersleeves. stainless steel ball

LM, LM\_OP, LM\_AJ, LM\_L: A sian standard, p46 LME, LME, OP, LME, AJ, LME-L: European standard, p66







#### Flanged type Linear Bushing

- · With a variety of design and ease of installation
- · Used in case of passing the load of moving body directly to the Linear Bushing
- Installed without housing
- Can be selected resin retainer (standard), and steel retainer (for high temperature & vacuum)
- · Corrosion-resisting: the nickel-plated, Raydent treatment of Outersleeves, stainless steel ball

LMF\_(L), LMK\_(L), LMH\_(L): Asian standard, p50 LM EF\_(L), LMEK\_(L): European standard, p70











#### Pilot Flanged type Linear Bushing

- With a variety of design and ease of installation
- When the load of moving body passed directly to the Linear Bushing, the Pilot Flange can get more stable movement and being the most suitable for moment load
- Installed without housing
- Can be selected resin retainer (standard), and steel retainer (for high temperature & vacuum)
- Corrosion-resisting: the nickel-plated, Raydent treatment of Outersleeves, stainless steel ball

LM FP\_(L), LMK\_P(L), LMHP\_(L): Asian standard, p56 LM EFP\_(L), LMEK P\_(L): European standard, p70







#### Middle Pilot Flanged type Linear Bushing

- With a variety of design and ease of installation
- · When the load of moving body passed directly to the Linear Bushing the Pilot Flange can get more stable movement and being the most suitable for moment load
- Installed without housing
- Can be selected resin retainer (standard), and steel retainer (for high temperature & vacuum)
- · Corrosion-resisting: the nickel-plated, Raydent treatment of Outersleeves, stainless steel ball

LMFM, LMKM, LMHM: A sian standard, p62 LMEFM, LMEKM: European standard, p78







#### **Aluminum Case Unit**

- · Combination product with Aluminum housing and standard or Self-Aligning linear bushing
- · Aluminum housing with a high precision and lightweight
- · Abnormal variant does not occur within reasonable load
- Minimized surface scratch

SC, SC\_V, SC-W, SCJ: A sian standard, p82 SCE, SCE\_V, SCE\_W: European standard, p89





#### Aluminum Case Unit (Open type)

- Integration of open type aluminum housing and open type linear bushing
- Aluminum housing with a high hardness and lightweight
- Combined with support rail

SBR, TBR: Asian, European standard, p87



#### Shaft Rail Unit

- Integration of aluminum rail and shaft
- · Combined with open type Aluminum Case Unit

SBS, TBS: Asian, European standard, p96





#### Shaft / Shaft Support

- High carbon bearing steel shaft (Surface treatment and chamfering is possible)
- Aluminum shaft support

SF: Shaft, Asian, European standard, p98 SK: Shaft support, Asian, European standard, p98

• The Principle of Linear System Linear Bushing By SAMICK the Linear Instinct 6 7 Product Overview















# | PART NUMBER NOTATION |

Self-Aligning Linear Bushing	LM	ES	16	UU	OP	-	N	S
Samick Linear Bushing								
Standards								
		es (mm) : ES s (inch) : BS						
Nominal Shaft Diameter								
		(	m):10~50mm cs:#4~#32					
Seal								
			No Se One Side Se Both Side Se					
Туре		(	Sta Open type (for s	ırdard type :uppart rail)				
Corrosion resistance type								
No-plaiting (Sandard): Blank Ball plate nickel plaiting: N Stainless steel ball plaiting: M Ball plate Chrome plaiting: C								
Ball type (by corrosion resistance)			High c	arbon bea	_		standard steel ba	

# | PART NUMBER NOTATION |

Linear Bushing	LM	Е	F	Р	20	L	UU	OP	-	Α	N	S
Samick Linear Bushing												
Standards(Asia, Europe) Asian Standard: Blank / Europea	an Stanc	lard : E										
Flange option	Circula Squar	ardard ar type re type al type	: F : K									
Flange Location			ndard : Pilot : ⁄liddle :	Р								
Nominal Shaft Diameter			Standard nge typ									
Length				Sta	andard: Long:							
Seal					N One Sid Both Sid	e Sæal						
Sloting Type						Ope	rd type : en type : le type :	: OP				
Retainer (by application temper	erature)						etainer High ter					
Outer-sleeves (by corrosion re	esistano	ce)					Electrol	plaiting( ess nick Raydent	d p	olating:	Ν	
Ball type (by corrosion resistant	nce)				Hig	jh c <i>a</i> rb	on bea	_			dard): elball:	

•• The Principle of Linear System Linear Bushing

By SAMICK the Linear Instinct 8 9

Product Overview Product Overview











# | PART NUMBER NOTATION |

Aluminum Case Unit	SC E	J	20	W	UU	_	Α	N	S
Samick Aluminum Case Unit (with Standard Linear Bushin	ng)								
Standards (Asia, Europe)									
Asian Standa European Standa									
Clearance adjustable type*									
Clearance adjustable type (Asian stand	Standard : I dard only : .								
Nominal Shaft Diameter Metric s	eries (mm)	:8~50	mm						
Case unit length		Stand pact ty Long t	/pe:	V					
Seal		00	Side	Seal: Seal: Seal:	U				
Retainer (by application temperature)**									
		Stee				:andard) berature)	: Blank :: A		
Outer-sleeves (by corrosion resistance)									
				ЕІ€	ctroles	s nickel	endard): plating: eatment:	Ν	
Ball type (by corrosion resistance)		ŀ	ligh c	arbon	bearin	_	oall (stand less stee		

- \* Clearance adjustable type aluminum housing unit applies only to the Asian standard and the Nominal Shaft Diameter Selection is possible between \*\* Seel retainer applies only to Asian standard and European standard

  \*\*\* It can combine with self-aligning linear bushing (SCE type)

# | PART NUMBER NOTATION |

Aluminum Case Unit (Open type)	SBR	20	UU	-	Α	N	S
Samick open type Aluminum Case Unit							
Open type Aluminum Case Unit(Standard Open type Aluminum Case Unit(Clearance adjustable							
Nominal Shaft Diameter*	16	~50mm					
Seal							
	One S	No Seal ide Seal ide Seal	: U				
Retainer (by application temperature)**	Re Steel reta		iner (Star h tempei				
Outer-sleeves (by corrosion resistance)		Ele	ectroless	nickel	andard): plating: eatment:	: N	
Ball type (by corrosion resistance)	High	n carbor	ı bearing		ball (stai nless ste		

\* SBR's nominal shaft dameter 16~50mm, TBR's nominal shaft dameter 16~50mm

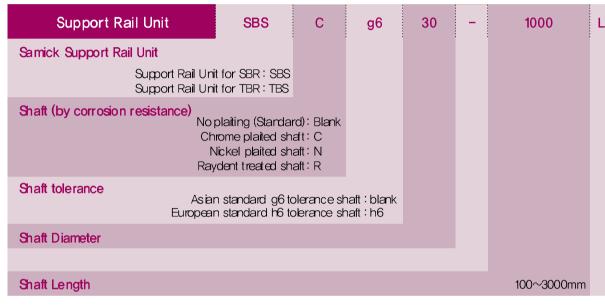
•• The Principle of Linear System Linear Bushing By SAMICK the Linear Instinct 10 | 11

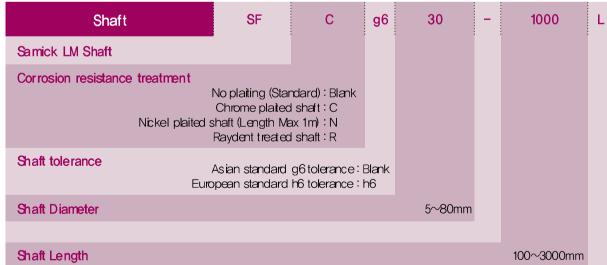
<sup>\*\*</sup> By default, open type case unit cannot combine with a self-aligning linear bushing but some of the model is available with self-aligning linear bushing. Please contact Samick,

Product Overview



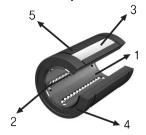
# | PART NUMBER NOTATION |

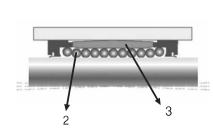




Shaft Support	SK	20
Samick Shaft Support (Aluminum)		
Shaft Diameter		6~40mm

# | Structure and Special Feature |







Part	Material	Special features and function
1 Retainer	- POM	<ul><li>Guide ball's Motion</li><li>An essential element of unlimited linear stroke</li></ul>
2 Ball	<ul><li>High carbon bearing steel</li><li>Stainless steel</li><li>Ceramic</li></ul>	<ul> <li>the support of the load by direct contact between shaft and ball plate</li> <li>An essential element for low friction, high load capacity, high precision and high speed stroke</li> </ul>
3 Ball plate	<ul> <li>High carbon bearing steel</li> <li>Stainless steel</li> <li>*available Corrosion resistance plaiting</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Direct contact with the ball to hold the load</li> <li>Stand on a high load with the specially designed ball groove,</li> <li>A key part of the self—aligning</li> </ul>
4 Rubber Seal	- NBR * optional item	<ul> <li>Direct contact with shaft</li> <li>Blocking a foreign substance from outside</li> <li>Blocking outflow of lubricant by sealing linear bushing</li> <li>An floating seal to facilitate self-aligning</li> </ul>
5 Outer Sleeve	- POM	<ul> <li>Support ball plate</li> <li>Possible to run with highspeed and reduce the inertia force &amp; noise because of low friction with lightweight</li> </ul>



Part	Material	Special features and function
1 Retainer	<ul><li>POM</li><li>Stainless Sted</li></ul>	<ul><li>Guide balls Mation</li><li>An essential element of unlimited linear stroke</li></ul>
2 Ball	<ul><li>High carbon bearing steel</li><li>Stainless steel</li><li>Ceramic</li></ul>	<ul> <li>the support of the load by direct contact between shaft and ball plate</li> <li>An essential element for low friction, high load capacity, high precision and high speed stroke</li> </ul>
3 Outer Sleeve	- High carbon bearing steel - Stainless steel * available Corrosion resistance plaiting	<ul> <li>Direct contact with the ball to the receiving portion of the load</li> <li>Direct contact part to housing</li> <li>An essential element for high load capacity</li> <li>Interchangeability</li> </ul>
4 Rubber Seal	- NBR * optional item	<ul><li>Blocking a foreign substance from outside</li><li>Blocking outflow of lubricant by sealing linear bushing</li></ul>

_			,	
Lec	hnical	l ini	torma	tıor

Overall Linear Bushing technology by SAMICK

Look at the technology here, and feel the Instinct of Linear Art at the field.

Technical information

# **::** Load Rating and Service Life of Linear Motion System

When determine a model that would best suit for service conditions of a linear motion system, the load rating and travel life of the model must be considered. To consider the load rating, you should know the static safety factor of the model, which is calculated based on the basic static load rating. The service life can be assessed by calculating the nominal life, based on the basic dynamic load rating, and you need to check if the values thus obtained meet your requirements.

#### Basic static load rating

There are two basic load ratings of a linear motion system: basic static load rating (Co), which sets the static load allowance limit, and basic dynamic load rating(C), which is using for calculating travel life.

#### Basic Static Load Rating (Co)

If a linear motion system, whether at rest or in motion, receives an excessive bad or large impact, a bcal permanent deformation develops the raceway and rolling elements. And if the magnitude of the permanent deformation exceeds a certain limit, it hinders the smooth motion of the linear motion system. The basic static load rating refers to a static load in a given direction with given magnitude, which total permanent deformation of rolling elements and raceway at the contact area is approximately 0.0001 of the rolling element diameter. In a linear motion system, the basic static load rating is defined as the radial load. Thus, the limit of static load allowance is the basic static load rating. For the rating values of individual linear motion systems, see the respective specification table in this catalog.

#### Static Safety Factor (fs)

A linear motion system may possibly receive an unpredictable external force due to the vibration or impact while it is at rest or in motion, or inertia as a result of starting and stopping. It is, therefore, necessary to consider the static safety factor against operating loads. The static safety factor (fs) indicates the ratio of a linear motion system load carrying capacity (basic static load rating, Co) to the load exerted there on.

fs = 
$$\frac{C_0}{D}$$
 or fs =  $\frac{M_0}{M}$ 

fs : Static safety factor

 $C_0$  : Basic static load rating (N)  $M_0$  : Static permissible moment (N · mm)

P : Calculated load (N)

M : Calculated moment (N·mm)

To calculate a load exerted on the linear motion system, the mean load for calculating the service life and the maximum load for calculating the static safety factor must be obtained in advance. A system can receive unexpected excessive bad when it is subject to frequent starts and stops, placed under machining loads, or when the severe moment is applied by overhanging loads. When selecting the correct type of a linear motion system for your application, be sure that the type you are considering can bear the maximum possible load when stopped and in operation. The table below specifies the standard values for the static safety factors.

Machine used	Loading conditions	fs lower limit
Ordinary Industrial Machine	Receives no vibration or impact Receives vibration or impact	1.0 ~ 1.3 2.0 ~ 3.0
Machine tool	Receives no vibration or impact Receives vibration or impact	$1.0 \sim 1.5$ $25 \sim 7.0$

Technical information

	For large radial bads		$\frac{\text{fh} \cdot \text{fr} \cdot \text{fc} \cdot \text{Co}}{\text{P}} \ge \text{fs}$
Co fH	: Basic static load rating : Hardness factor	(N)	P : Calculated load (N) fτ : Temperature factor
fc	: Contact factor		Transportation laster

#### Basic Dynamic Load Rating (C)

The basic dynamic load rating (C) refers to a load in a given direction with given magnitude such that when identical linear motion systems in a group are interlocked with one another under the same conditions, the nominal life (L) of the systems is 50km (L=50km) if the systems use balls, and 100km(L=100km) if they use rollers. The basic dynamic load rating (C) is used to calculate the service life of a set of linear motion systems, which are interlocked with one another in response to a load. For rating values of individual linear motion systems see the respective specification tables in this catalog.

#### Nominal Life

The service lives of linear motion systems more or less vary from system to system even if they are manufactured to the same specifications and remain in service under the same operating conditions. Hence a guideline for determining the service life of a linear motion system is given based on nominal life, Which is defined as follows. The nominal life refers to the total running distance that 90% of identical linear motion systems in a group, when interlocked with one another under the same conditions, can achieve without flaking develops. The nominal life (L) of a linear motion system can be obtained from the basic dynamic load rating (C) and bad imposed (P) using the following equations.

For linear motion system with balls
$$L = (\frac{C}{P})^3 \times 50$$

$$L_{100} = (\frac{C_{100}}{P})^3 \times 100$$

$$\times C_{100} = (\frac{C}{1.26})$$

$$L : Nomiral life of 50km$$

$$L_{100} : Nomiral life of 100km$$

$$C : Basic dynamic bad rating of 50km$$

$$C : Basic dynamic bad rating of 100km$$

$$P : Applied load$$
For a linear motion system with rollers
$$L = (\frac{C}{P})^{\frac{n}{3}} \times 100$$

$$L : Nomiral life of 100km$$

The travel life of the Linear Bushing can be obtained using the following equation

$$L = \left(\frac{f_H \times f_T \times f_C}{f_W} \times \frac{C}{P}\right)^3 \times 50$$

$$L_{100} = (\frac{f_H \times f_T \times f_C}{f_W} \times \frac{C_{100}}{P})^3 \times 100$$

: Nominal life of 50km  $L_{100}$  : Nominal life of 100km

: Basic dynamic load rating of 50km  $C_{100}$ : Basic dynamic load rating of 100km

fr : Temperature (see Fig 2) fc : Contact factor (see Table)

fw: Load factor (see Table)

Once nominal life L is obtained using this equation, the Linear Bushing service life can be calculated using the following equation, if the stroke length and the number of reciprocating cycles are constant

$$L_h = \frac{L \times 10^6}{2 \times ls \times Nl \times 60}$$

Lh: Travel life in hours & ls: Stroke

No : Number of strokes per minute

# : Factors that affect the travel life

#### Hardness factor (fH)

To ensure achievement of the optimum bad rating of the Linear Bushing, the raceway hardness must be 58 to 64 HeC. At hardness below this range, the basic dynamic and static load ratings decrease. The ratings must therefore be multiplied by the respective hardness factors (fH).

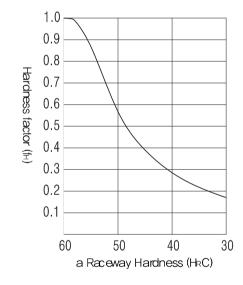


Fig1 Hardness factor (fH)

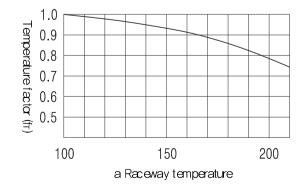


Fig2 Temperature factor (fr)

#### Temperature factor (fr)

For Linear Bushings used at ambient temperatures over 100°C, a temperature factor corresponding to the ambient temperature, selected from the diagram , must be taken into consideration. For higher than 80°C application, the seals, end plates and retainer must be changed for high temperature specifications (Temperature range: 20°C  $\sim$  80°C)In addition, please note that the selected Linear Bushing itself must be a model with high-temperature specifications

#### Contact factor (fc)

When multiple Linear Bushings are used laid over one another, moments and mounting-surface precision will affect operation, making it difficult to achieve uniform load distribution. For Linear Bushings used laid over one another, multiply the basic bad rating (C or CO) by a contact factor selected from the table below.

Number of linear bushings on a shaft	Contact factor(fc)
2	0.81
3	0.72
4	0.66
5	0.61
Over 6	0.60
In normal use	1.0

#### Load factor (fw)

In general, machines in reciprocal motion are likely to cause vibration and impact during operation, and it is particularly difficult to determine the magnitude of vibration that develops during hgh-speed operation, as well as that of impact during repeated starting and stopping in normal use. Therefore, where the effects of speed and vibration are estimated to be significant, divide the basic dynamic load rating (C) by a load factor selected from the table below.

Operating co	Lood footor (fu)	
Load conditions	Speed	Load factor (fw)
No impact and vibration	Under 15m/min	1.0~1.5
Slight impact and vibration	Under 60m/min	1.5~2.0
Considerable impact and vibration	Over 60m/min	2.0~4.0

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# :: Load Consideration

When designing a linear motion system, it is necessary to consider how the variables of operation will affect performance. The following examples demonstrate how the position of the load and the center of gravity can influence the product selection. When evaluating your application, review each of the forces acting on your system and determine the product best for your needs.

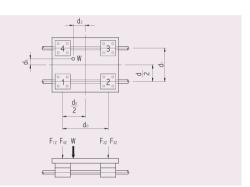
#### Horizontal Application | At the time of movement with uniform velocity or at the time of stop

$F_{1Z} =$	<u>W</u>	. , <u>W</u>	$d_2$	$-(\frac{W}{2})$	$d_3$
	4	+(2	· do)	-(2	· di

$$F_{zz} = \frac{W}{4} - (\frac{W}{2} \cdot \frac{d^2}{d^2}) - (\frac{W}{2} \cdot \frac{d^3}{d^2})$$

$$F_{\mathcal{Z}} = \frac{W}{4} - (\frac{W}{2} \cdot \frac{d_2}{d_2}) + (\frac{W}{2} \cdot \frac{d_3}{d_2})$$

$$F_{\mathscr{Z}} = \frac{W}{4} + (\frac{W}{2} \cdot \frac{d_2}{d_0}) + (\frac{W}{2} \cdot \frac{d_3}{d_1})$$



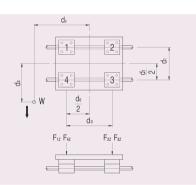
#### Horizontal Application | At the time of movement with uniform velocity or at the time of stop

$$\overline{z}_{iZ} = \frac{W}{4} + (\frac{W}{2} \cdot \frac{d^2}{d}) - (\frac{W}{2} \cdot \frac{d^3}{d})$$

$$F_{zz} = \underline{W} \quad (\underline{W} \quad \underline{d}_2) \quad (\underline{W} \quad \underline{c})$$

$$F_{\mathbb{Z}} = \frac{W}{4} - (\frac{W}{2} \cdot \frac{d^2}{d_0}) + (\frac{W}{2} \cdot \frac{d^3}{d_1})$$

$$F_{\mathscr{L}} = \frac{W}{4} + (\frac{W}{2} \cdot \frac{d_2}{d}) + (\frac{W}{2} \cdot \frac{d_3}{d})$$

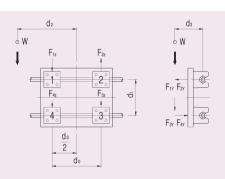


#### Side Mourted Application | At the time of movement with uniform velocity or at the time of stop

$$F_{1Y} \sim F_{4Y} = \underbrace{W}_{1} \cdot \underbrace{d_3}_{2}$$

$$F_{1Z} = F_{4Z} = \underline{W} + (\underline{W} \cdot \underline{d}_2)$$

$$F_{zz} = F_{zz} = \underline{W} - (\underline{W} \cdot \underline{d})$$



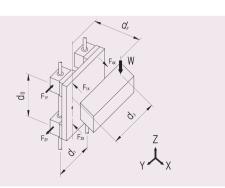
# Vertical Application | At the time of movement with uniform velocity or at the time of stop. At the time of start and stop, the load varies because of inertia

$$F_{1X} \sim F_{2X} = \underbrace{W}_{2} \cdot \frac{d_{2}}{d_{2}}$$

$$F_{1Y} \sim F_{2Y} = (\frac{W}{2} \cdot \frac{d^3}{d^3})$$

 $F_{1X} + F_{4X} \sim F_{2X} + F_{3X}$ 

 $F_{1Y} + F_{4Y} \sim F_{2Y} + F_{3Y}$ 



# **::** Mean Effective Load at Varying Load

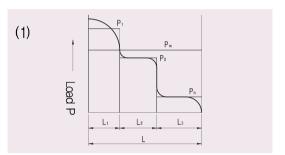
The load acting on a linear system changes depending on the application, for example, when the linear system starts or stops reciprocating motion, while it is operating at a fixed speed, and according to whether the linear system carries work or not. For a fluctuating load, it is important to obtain the mean effective load.

#### For stepped load according to the travelling distance

$$P_{m} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{L} (P^{3} \cdot L_{1} + P_{2}^{3} \cdot L_{2} \cdots + P_{n}^{3} \cdot L_{n})} \quad \cdots \cdots (1)$$

 $P_m$  : mean effective load in fluctuation (N)  $P_n$  : floating load (N) L : Total traveling distance (mm)

L<sub>n</sub>: Traveling distance with carrying Pn (mm)

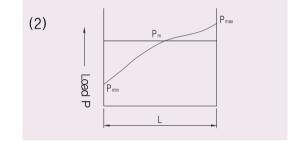


For loads that changes step wisely

#### For almost linearly varying load

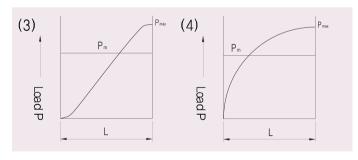
$$P_{m} \doteq \frac{1}{3} (P_{mn} + 2 \cdot P_{max}) \qquad (2)$$

P<sub>m</sub>: mean effective load in fluctuation (N)
P<sub>min</sub>: Minimum value of fluctuating load (N)
P<sub>max</sub>: Maximum value of fluctuating load (N)



For loads that changes monotonously

#### When the load draws a sine curve



For loads that changes sinusoid ally

Would you align, please?

No, I don't need! I am Self-Aligning! 23

High Capacity Self-Aligning Linear Bushings

# : High Capacity Self-Aligning Linear Bushing - SUPERBALL

#### Higher Load Ratings and Travel Life

Specially designed ball plate is made of Hardened steel, and the precisely ground groove is slightly larger than the ball size, which provides greater contact area between the ball and the ball plate. In addition, this design provides 3 times higher load ratings and 27 times longer travel life compared to conventional Linear Bushing.

#### Self-Alignment

Ball plate has a convex shape to provide a pivot point at the center, which allows Self Alignment up to 0.5°. This Self Alignment capability eliminates any possibility of edge pressure caused by inaccurate machining, errors on mounting, or shaft deflection. Moreover, it obtains uniform load distribution and low friction motion.

#### Smooth and Silent Running

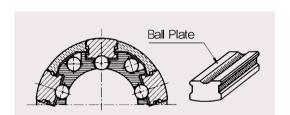
SUPERBALL has extremely smooth ruming due to the uniquely designed ball retainer and the outer sleeve. They are made of Engineering Polymer, which has light weight, low fridion, and high wear-resistance. Due to them, the smooth and silent running can be obtained.

#### Clearance Adjustment

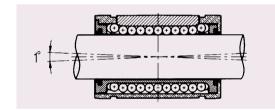
SUPERBALL's ball plates are designed to float in the outer sleeve. This allows dearance between the balls and shaft to be adjusted for the best application environment by using with the housing.

#### Interchangeability

SUPERBALL is designed to be fully Interchangeable with conventional linear bushing.



Cross-section of SUPERBALL



SUPERBALL's self-alignment feature

# **::** Cost Effectiveness

#### Lower cost on installation

Self-Alignment feature can compensate the inaccurate machining of the base, so less installation time and cost can be obtained

#### Higher load rating and longer travel life

Compared to the same size conventional linear bushings, SUPPERBALL will offer higher load rating and longer travel life.

#### Reduction of material cost

SUPERBALL's higher load rating enables the use of smaller components, and reducing material cost.

# STANDARD SUPER BALL

#### **Energy saving**

SUPERBALL is designed with lightweight, lower inertia, and low friction, so it enables the moving parts to have rapid motion with lower driving power.

# **::** Load Ratings and Travel Life

SUPERBALL's load ratings give an influence to travel life with load direction, ball circuit orientation, and hardness of the shaft

		Orientation of Balls	
No. of Ball Row	4 Row	5 Row	6 Row
Max, Load	F	F J	F J
Equation	F = 1.41 × C	F = 1.46 × C	F = 1.26 × C
Min, Load	F	F I	F D
Equation	F=C	F = C	F = C

#### Basic Dynamic load rating(C) and travel life

The travel life of a Linear Bushing is determined largely by the quality of the shaft. The Basic Dynamic bad rating is maximum continuous load that can be applied to the Linear Bushing with 90% of reliability achieving after 50km operation under normal conditions. The nominal travel life can be calculated by follow equation.

$L = \left[\frac{C}{P}\right]^3 \times 50$	L: Nominal life(basis:50km, unit: Km) L::: Nominal life(basis:50km, unit: Km)
$L_{100} = \left[\frac{C_{100}}{P}\right]^3 \times 100$	C: Basic dynamic bad rating(basis:50km, unit: N)  C <sub>100</sub> : Basic dynamic bad rating(basis:10km, unit: N)  P: Applied load

Practically, other factors will affect the life as follows

	$L = \left[\frac{f_H \times f_T \times f_C}{f_W} \times \frac{C}{P}\right]^3 \times 50$ $L_{100} = \left[\frac{f_{H \times} f_T \times f_C}{f_W} \times \frac{C_{100}}{P}\right]^3 \times 100$	fw : Load factor fH : Hardness factor fT : Tempeture factor fc : Contact factor	
--	--	---	--

From the above equations, the stroke and frequency are constant, the Travel Life can be calculated by following equation

$$L_{\text{h}} = \frac{L \times 10^{6}}{2 \times \ell_{\text{s}} \times N_{\text{l}} \times 60} \qquad \qquad \begin{array}{c} L_{\text{h}} & : \text{Travel life} \\ \ell_{\text{s}} & : \text{Stroke} \\ N_{\text{l}} & : \text{Number of strokes per minute} \end{array} \tag{hour}$$

# **::** Examples of Calculation and Choosing a proper SUPERBALL

The Maximum applied load and the travel life are the most important factor for choosing a proper Linear Bushing size. Below are the sample calculation of the expecting travel life and choosing of proper Linear Bushing size.

(Working conditions)				
- Applied load	: 250N(P)	- Stroke	: 250mm	(ls)
- Number of strokes per minutes	: 60(N₂)	- Shaft Hardness	: $HRC60$ (fH = 1.0	)
- Operating speed	: 30m/min			

Operating Speed 
$$V = 2 \times l_s \times N_{\ell}$$
  
=  $2 \times 250 \times 60$   
=  $30000 \text{ mm/min}$  (f<sub>w</sub> = 1.6)

Other factors (fc. ft) are considered as 1.0

#### Calculation of expected travel life

Since, basic dynamic bad rating is based on travel life of 50km and assuming all other factors as 1.0, you can choose the Linear Bushing size that you can expected Travel life. Let's try LMES20UU with the above working conditions

$$L = \left[\frac{1.0 \times 1.0 \times 1.0}{1.6} \times \frac{2,580}{250}\right]^{3} \times 50$$

$$= 13,417 \text{ km}$$

$$= \frac{13,417 \times 10^{6}}{2 \times 0.250 \times 60 \times 60}$$

$$= 7,454 \text{ hours}$$

#### Choosing proper Linear Bushing

Let's assume our design travel life is 15,000hours.

L = 
$$15,000 \times 2 \times 250 \times 10^{-6} \times 60 \times 60 = 27,000$$
km  
C =  $\frac{250 \times 1.6}{1.0 \times 1.0 \times 1.0} \times \sqrt[3]{\frac{27,000}{50}} = 3,257$ N

Therefore, the proper SUPERBALL for above condition is LMES25UU which has 3800N as the Basic dynamic load rating.

# **::** Housing and Shaft

#### Housing

For SUPERBALL's application, Housing is required. Tolerance of Housing bore will affect the life and the accuracy of application. See the below Table However, if the tolerance of housing is H7, tight fitting can be occurred at both ends of outer- sleeves in case of LMES type

#### Table9. Housing and tight fitting

Part number(mm)	LMES10	LMES12	LMES16	LMES20	LMES25	LMES30	LMES40	LMES50	
Inner diameter(mm)	19	22	26	32	40	47	62	75	
Tolerance(H7)	+0.021 0			+0.025 0			+0		
Part number(Inch)	LMBS4	LMBS6	LMBS8	LMBS10	LMBS12	LMBS16	LMBS20	LMBS24	LMBS32
Inner diameter(Inch)	0.5	0.625	0.875	1.125	1.25	1.5625	2	2.375	3
Tolerance(H7)	0 +0.007	0 +0.007	0 +0.008	0+0.008	0 +0.010	0 +0.010	0 +0.012	0 +0.012	0 +0.012

#### Shaft

Because the balls in SAMICK SUPERBALL as rolling elements are running directly on the shaft surface, the hardness, surface finish, and tolerance of shaft will largely affect on the traveling performance of SUPERBALL. The shaft must be manufactured with following conditions:

#### 1) Hardness

The hardness must be H<sub>\*</sub>C 58 to 64. The shaft with hardness less than H<sub>\*</sub>C58 will lead decreasing of travel life and permissible load.

#### 2) Surface Finishing

The surface finishing must be 1.6S or better for smooth operation.

#### 3) Tolerance

The correct tolerance of the shaft diameter is recommended. See the below table.

Table10. Shaft and tight fitting

Part number(mm)	LMES10	LMES12	LMES16	LMES20	LMES25	LMES30	LMES40	LMES50	
diameter(mm)	10	12	16	20	25	30	40	50	
Tolerance(h6)	0 -0.009	0 -0.011	0 -0.011	0 -0.013	0 -0.013	0 -0.013	0 -0.016	0 -0.016	
Part number(Inch)	LMBS4	LMBS6	LMBS8	LMBS10	LMBS12	LMBS16	LMBS20	LMBS24	LMBS32
diameter(Inch)	0.25	0.375	0.500	0.625	0.750	1.000	1.250	1.500	2,000
Part number(g6)	-0.0002 -0.0006	-0.0002 -0.0006	-0.0002 -0.0007	-0.0002 -0.0007	-0.0003 -0.0008	-0.0003 -0.0008	-0.0004 -0.0010	-0.0004 -0.0010	-0.0004 -0.0012

•• The Principle of Linear System Linear Bushing

By SAMICK the Linear Instinct 26 | 27



# **::** Part Number Notation

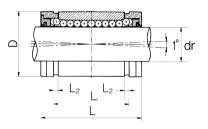
Self-Aligning Linear Bushing	LM	ES	16	UU	OP	-	N	S	
Samick Linear Bushing									
Standards									
		es (mm) : ES s (inch) : BS							
Nominal Shaft Diameter									
	Metr		n): 10~50mm ss: #4~#32						
Seal									
	No Seal : Blank One Side Seal : U Both Side Seal : UU								
Туре	Standard type: Blank Open type (for support rail): OP								
Corrosion resistance type									
No-plaiting (Sandard) : Blank Ball plate nickel plaiting : N Stainless steel ball plate : M* Ball plate Chrome plaiting : C									
Ball type (by corrosion resistance)			High c	arbon bear	_		standard stæl bal		

<sup>\*</sup> LMES1Q LMES12 and LMBS4, LMBS6, LMBS8 only with stainless steel ball plate

# LMES Self-Aligning Linear Bushing







Self-Aligning inear Bush	hing LMES	20	UU	-	N	S		
Nominal Shaft Diamete	r							
Seal	No: OneSide: Both Side:	Seal :	_					
Corrosion resistance type No-plaiting (Standard): Blank Ball plate nickel plaiting: N Ball plate Chrome plaiting: C Stainless steel ball plate: M*****								
Ball type(by corrosion resistance) High carbon bearing steel ball (standard): Blank Stainless steel ball: S								

PART NUMBER	DIA METER dr. TOLERANC E	D*	L ±0.2	<b>L</b> ₁ ±0.2	L <sub>2</sub> min	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC**(C)	RATING(N) STATIC**(C o)	NO. OF BALL CRCUIT	WEIGHT (gf)
LMES10	10 +0.008	19	29	21.7	1.35	750	550	5	17
LMES12	120	22	32	22.7	1.35	1230	1100	5	23
LMES16	16 <sub>+0.009</sub>	26	36	24.7	1.35	1550	1250	5	28
LMES20	20 +0.001	32	45	31.3	1.65	2580	1670	6	61
LMES25	25 +0.011	40	58	43.8	1.9	3800	2750	6	122
LMES30	30 +0.001	47	68	51.8	1.9	4710	2800	6	185
LMES40	40 +0.013	62	80	60.4	2.2	6500	5720	6	360
LMES50	50 +0.002	75	100	77.4	2.7	11460	7940	6	580

\* Based on nominal housing bore

\* Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50km. In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 126 Ex) LM12's 50km basis dynamic load rating C = 410N

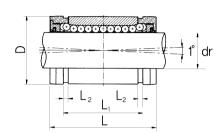
LM12's 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{00} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40N$ 

\*\*\* Dimension: mm

\*\*\*\*\* LMES10, LMES12 only with stainless steel ball plate

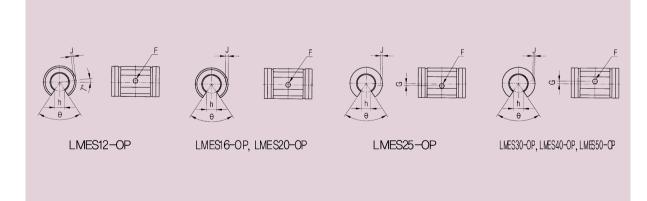
# | LMES\_OP Self-Aligning Linear Bushing |







PART NUMBER	DIA METER dr. TOLERANCE	D*	L ±0 <i>2</i>	L <sub>1</sub> ±0.2	L2 min	h	θ	F	G	J	BASIC LOAD DYNA MIC(C)	RATING(N) STATIC(Co)	NO. OF BALL CIRCUIT	WEIGHT (gf)
LMES12 OP	12 +0.008	22	32	22.7	1.35	6.5	66	3	-	0.7	1290	1260	4	18
LMES16 OP	16 0.009	26	36	24.7	1.35	9	68	3	-	0.7	1640	1320	4	22
LMES20 OP	20+0,001	32	45	31.3	1.65	9	55	3	_	0.9	2630	1720	5	51
LMES25 OP	25 +0.011	40	58	43.8	1.9	11.5	57	3	1.5	1.4	3910	2850	5	102
LMES30 OP	30+0.001	47	68	51.8	1.9	14	57	3	2	2,2	4850	2900	5	155
LMES40 OP	40 +0.013	62	80	60.4	2.2	19.5	56	3	1.5	2.7	8700	5900	5	300
LMES50 OP	50+0,001	75	100	77.4	2.7	22.5	54	5	2,5	2.3	11700	8100	5	480

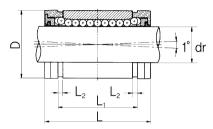


- \* Based on nominal housing bore
- Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50km. In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26 Ex) LM12 s 50km basis dynamic load rating C = 410N
  - LM12 s 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{00} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$
- \*\*\* Dimension:mm
- \*\*\*\*\* LMES12 only with stainless steel ball plate

### LMBS Self-Aligning Linear Bushing







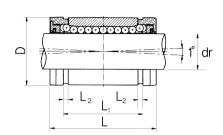
Self-Aligning inear Bushing	LMBS	20	UU	-	N	S
Nominal Shaft Diameter						
Seal	No One Side Both Side		U			
Corrosion resistance type	No-p Ball pla Ball plate Stainles	te nick Chron	ne plaiti	ng : ng :	N C	
Ball type High ca	arbon bearii	_	el ball (s ainless :			

PART NUMBER	DI dr.	A METER TOLERANCE	D.	L	Lı	L <sub>e</sub> min	BASIC LOAD DYNA MICC(Ibf)	RATING(N) STATICC d(lbf)	NO. OF BALL CIRCUIT	WEIGHT (lbf)
LMBS4	0.2500		0.5000	0.750/0.735	0.511/0.501	0.039	57	49	4	0.01
LMBS6	0.3750		0.6250	0.875/0.860	0.699/0.689	0.039	78	66	4	0.02
LMBS8	0.5000	0	0.8750	1.250/1.230	1.032/1.012	0.050	210	190	4	0.05
LMBS10	0.6250	-0,0005	1.1250	1.500/1.480	1.105/1.095	0.056	290	340	5	0.08
LMBS12	0.7500		1.2500	1.625/1.605	1.270/1.250	0.056	500	430	6	0.14
LMBS16	1.0000 _		1.5625	2.250/2.230	1.884/1.864	0.070	820	780	6	0.29
LMBS20	1.2500	0	2,0000	2.625/2.600	2.004/1.984	0.068	1240	1270	6	0.40
LMBS24	1.5000 _	-0,0006	2,3750	3,000/2,970	2.410/2.390	0.086	1510	1540	6	0.80
LMBS32	2.0000	0 -0.008	3.0000	4.000/3.960	3.193/3.163	0.105	2230	2580	6	1.38

- \* Based on nominal housing bore
- Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km. In case of 100 km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26 Ex) LM12's 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N
  - LM12's 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{00} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$
- \*\*\* Dimension: inch
- \*\*\*\*\* LMBS4, 6, 8 only with stainless steel ball plate

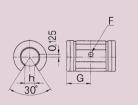
# LMBS\_OP Self-Aligning Linear Bushing

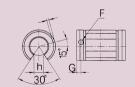


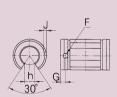


Self-Aligning inear Bushing I	LMBS 20	UU	OP	-	N	S
Nominal Shaft Diameter						
	No Seal : ne Side Seal : oth Side Seal :	U				
Open type linear bushing			•			
Corrosion resistance type	No-plai Ball plate Ball plate C Stainless	nickel hrome	plaitin plaitin	g : 1 ng : (	0	
Ball type High ca (by corrosion resistance)	arbon bearing		oall (sta less st			

PART NUMBER	DIA METER dr. TOLERANO	E D*	L	L	F	G	J	L <sub>e</sub> min	h	BASIC LOAD DYNA MICC(Ibf)	RATING(N) STATICC o(lbf)	NO. OF BALL CIRCUI	WEIGHT
LMBS8 OP	8	0.8750	1.250/1.230	1.032	0.14	0.63	Thru	0.050	0.32	210	190	3	0.03
LMBS10 OP	10 _ 0	1.1250	1.500/1.480	1.105	0.11	0.13	0.039	0.056	0.38	320	340	4	0.06
LMBS12 OP	120.0005	1.2500	1.625/1.605	1.270	0.14	0.13	0.059	0.056	0.43	510	430	5	0.11
LMBS16 OP	16	1.5625	2,250/2,230	1.884	0.14	0.13	0.047	0.070	0.56	830	780	5	0.21
LMBS20 OP	20 0	2.0000	2,625/2,600	2.004	0.20	0.19	0.090	0.068	0.63	1250	1270	5	0.35
LMBS24 OP	240.0006	2,3750	3.000/2.970	2,410	0.20	0.19	0.090	0.086	0.75	1520	1540	5	0.67
LMBS32 OP	32 0	3.0000	4.000/3.960	3.193	0.27	0.31	Thru	0.105	1.00	2250	2580	5	1.10







LMBS08-OP

LMBS10-OP

LMBS12-OP through LMBS32-OP

- \* Based on nominal housing bore
- Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km. In case of 100 km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26 Ex) LM12 s 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N
  - LM12 s 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{00} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$
- \*\*\* Dimension: inch
- \*\*\*\*\* LMBS80P only with stainless steel ball plate



Wonna be supported?

Hey, You've got SAMICK Support!

<sup>••</sup> The Principle of Linear System Linear Bushing

SAMICK Linear Bushing, LM type is the linear motion system with unlimited stroke by applying with LM shaft. Because of the point contact between Balls and LM shaft, minimum friction can be acquired and that can give you the high precision motion. SAMICK Linear Bushing serves the alignment of the balls toward the LM Shaft by the single Retainer and cylindrical shape of Raceway. Outer Sleeve is made of high-carbon Chromium Bearing Steel, and inner and outer grinding processes are applied after Heat treatment.

#### Interchangeability

The Dimensions of SAMCK Linear Bushing are standardized to have full interchangeability. LM shaft is provided with the cylindrical grinding to have high precision fitting dearance.

#### Rigid Outer Sleeve

Hardened and Precisely ground Outer Sleeve is made of Bearing steel, and can be direct assembled with the needle bearing on outer surface.

#### High precision Retainer

The single body retainer guides 4~6 ball circuits, and it makes the precision guiding against the balls moving direction and smooth motion.

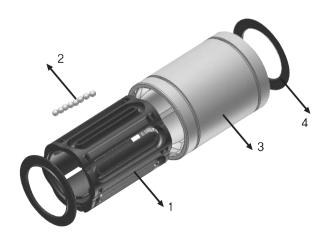
#### LM Case Unit

LM Case Unit, SC type is consist of the light Aluminum case and LM type Linear Bushing, so the assembly can be finished by simple bolting. Longer life can be obtained by adjusting the Ball circuit orientation of Linear Bushing against the direction of load.

#### Application

SAMICK Linear Bushing are widly used in Precision equipments Computer and peripheral equipments, Measuring equipments, Auto recording equipments, and 3D measuring equipments, and Linear Motion systems in Machine for Mass Prodution: Multi-Axis Drilling machines, Punching Press, Tool Grinders, Auto-Gas cutters, printing machines, card selectors food packing machines, and etc.

# **::** Structure



part	Material
1 Retainer	– POM – Stainless Steel
2 Ball	<ul><li>High carbon bearing steel</li><li>Stainless steel</li><li>Ceramic</li></ul>
3 Outer-sleeve	<ul><li>High carbon bearing steel</li><li>* available Corrosion resistance platting</li></ul>
4 Rubber Seal	<ul> <li>NBR (Acrylonitrile Butadiene Rubber)*</li> <li>* opionalitem</li> </ul>











### PART NUMBER NOTATION

Linear Bushing	LM	Е	F	Р	20	L	UU	OP	-	Α	N	
Samick Linear Bushing	_											
Standards(Asia, Europe) Asian Standard: Blank / Euro	pean Stand	dard:E										
Flange option	Circul Squa	andard ar type re type ral type	: F : K									
Flange Location			ndard : Pilot : Vliddle :	Р								
Nominal Shaft Diameter			Standard nge typ									
Length				Sta	andard: Long:							
Seal					N One Sic Both Sic	le Sæal						
Sloting Type						Ope	rd type en type le type	: OP				
Retainer (by application terr	nperature)	)						(Standa mperatu				
Outer-sleeves (by corrosion	resistano	ce)					Electrol	plaiting( ess nick Raydent	kd p	olating:	Ν	
Ball type (by corrosion resis	stance)					ula a sul	a.a. l		al !-	-II /c! -	- Alexa-1\ -	
					HIQ	gn carb	on bea	ring stea Si			ncara): elball:	

# **::** Load rating and Travel Life

The Load rating of SAMICK Linear Bushing can be affected by the balls orientation against the Load. The Basic Load rating in the table is the Load rating of Linear Bushing when 1 (one) Ball circuit are just beneath the load. As shown in Table, If the Ball are located on symmetrical position against the Load, the Load rating will be increased and the travel life will be extended.

#### Load ratings and Orientation of Balls

		Orientation of Balls	
No. of Ball Row	4 Row	5 Row	6 Row
Max, Load	F <sub>0</sub>	F	F
Equation	F = 1,41 × C	F = 1.46 × C	F = 1.26 × C
Min. Load	F	F	F
Equation	F=C	F=C	F = C

#### Basic Dynamic load rating(C) and travel life

The travel life of a Linear Bushing is determined largely by the quality of the shaft. The Bæsic Dynamic load rating is maximum continuous bad that can be applied to the Linear Bushing with 90% of reliability achieving after 50km traveling under normal conditions. The nominal travel life can be calculated by follow equation.

$$L = \left[\frac{C}{P}\right]^3 \times 50$$

$$L_{100} = \left[\frac{C_{100}}{P}\right]^3 \times 100$$

L : Nominal life (basis:50km, unit: Km)  $L_{100}$  : Nominal life (basis:50km, unit: Km)

C : Basic dynamic load rating(basis:50km, unit: N)

 $C_{\text{\tiny 100}}$  : Basic dynamic load rating(basis:10km, unit: N)

P : Applied load

Practically, other factors (Hardness factor, Load factor, Contact factor, etd) will affect the life as follows

$$L = \left[ \frac{f_H \times f_T \times f_C}{f_W} \times \frac{C}{P} \right]^3 \times 50$$

$$L_{100} = \left[\frac{f_{H\times}f_{T}\times f_{C}}{f_{W}} \times \frac{C_{100}}{P}\right]^{3} \times 100$$

fw : Load factor

fh : Hardness factorf

fr : Tempeture factor

fc : Contact factorf

#### Equivalent factor and Travel life

If a Linear Bushing or two Linear Bushings laid beside one another on one shaft, and the moment load is applied, calculate the Equivalent load.

$$P_{\cup} = K \cdot M$$

Pu : Equivalent Load when the moment applied

K : Equivalent factor(see Table below)

1 : Applied Moment where Pv should be up to Basic load rating(Co)

If the moment load and the radial load are applied, the travel life can be calculated by the sum of the moment load and the radial load. From the above equations, the stroke and frequency are constant; the travel life can be calculated by following equation

$$L_h = \left[ \frac{L \times 10^6}{2 \times \ell_s \times N_\ell \times 60} \right]$$

Lh : travel life(hr)

)s :Stroke(mm)

N<sub>ℓ</sub> : Number of stroke per minute (cpm)

#### Equivalent factor for Linear Bushing

	Equivalent factor (K)										
P/N	1EA	2EA	P/N	1EA	P/N	1EA	2EA				
LM 5	1.253	0.178	LM 5L	0.223	LME 5	0.669	0.123				
LM 6	0.553	0.162	LM 6L	0.201	LME 8	0.514	0.116				
LM 8S	0.708	0.166	LM 8L	0.151	LME 12	0.389	0.090				
LM 8	0.442	0.128	LM 10L	0.118	LME 16	0.343	0.081				
LM 10	0.389	0.101	LM 12L	0.113	LME 20	0.291	0.063				
LM 12	0.389	0.097	LM 13L	0.107	LME 25	0.209	0.052				
LM 13	0.343	0.093	LM 16L	0.096	LME 30	0.167	0.045				
LM 16	0.279	0.084	LM 20L	0.082	LME 40	0.127	0.039				
LM 20	0.257	0.071	LM 25L	0.060	LME 50	0.105	0.031				
LM 25	0.163	0.054	LM 30L	0.053	LME 60	0.093	0.024				
LM 30	0.153	0.049	LM 35L	0.050							
LM 35	0.143	0.045	LM 40L	0.043							
LM 40	0.117	0.040	LM 50L	0.034							
LM 50	0.096	0.032	LM 60L	0.031							
LM 60	0.093	0.028									

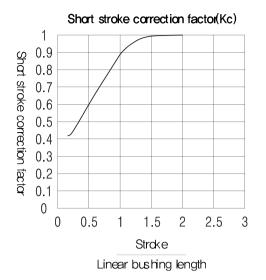
Note 1) The equivalent factor for LMF/K/H, LMFP/KP/HP and SC types are same as LM type,

Note 2) The equivalent factor for LMF-L, LMK-L, LMH-L and SCW types are same as LM-L type.

Note 1) The equivalent factor for LMEF/K/H and SCE types are same as LME type

#### Short stroke Applications

In applications when the stroke is short, the life of the shaft is shorter than that of the Linear Bushing. In short stroke applications, the required dynamic load rating must be multiplied by the shot stroke correction factor (Kc) found on Fig right side.



# **::** Lubrication and Friction

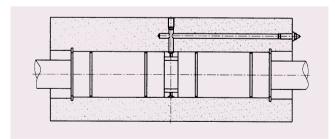
Linear Bushing is used with grease lubrication or oil lubrication but in some case, it is used without any lubrication.

#### Grease Lubrication

Before applying the grease, the anticorrosive oil must be removed by kerosene or organic solvent, and applying the grease after drying. Must Applying grease directly on the ball for both side sealed type (UU), and applying same as above or applying on the shaft for without sealed type. Lithium soap radical of viscosity mark (JIS No. 2) is recommended for use.

#### Oil Lubrication

Operating Temp.	Viscosity
−30°C ~ 50°C	VG 15 ~ 46
50°C ~ 80°C	VG 46 $\sim$ 100



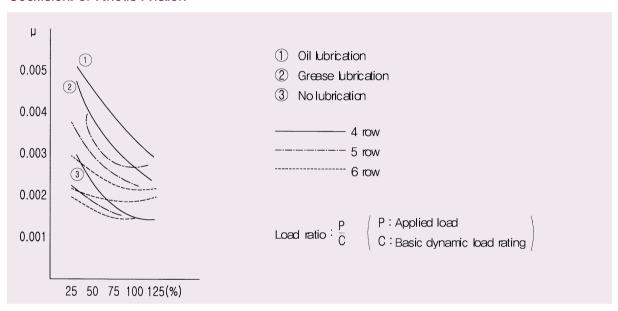
There is no need to remove anticorrosive oil when oil is used for lubrication. ISO viscosity grade VG15~100 oil is usually used according to the temperature. The turbine oil, machine oil, and spindle oil are usually used as lubrication oil. Drop the oil on the shaft for lubrication, or supply it through an oil hole provided on the housing (Fig 6). However, dropping lubrication is not used in both seal type because the seal remove oil, because. Contact SAMICK for Linear Bushing with lubrication hole for user's demands.

#### Coefficient of Friction

Linear Bushing has balls as rolling elements, so it gives rise to reduces the frictional resistance. Static friction, in particular, is very low, and there is just little difference between static and dynamic friction, so, that stick-slip does not occur. Such low friction makes submicron feeding possible. The normal friction coefficient is on Fig below, and the Friction resistance can be calculated by following equation.



#### Coefficient of Kinetic Friction



Coefficient of Kinetic Friction

# :: Installation Guide

Recommended Tolerance of Housing bore for SAMICK Linear Bushing are in Table. Normal fit is standard, but for without clearance, pressed fit is also available.

Тур	ре	Case				
Part rumber	Græde	Normal fit	Pressed fit			
LM	Higher(H)	H7	J7			
LME	-	H7	K6, J6			
LMF / FP LMK / KP LMH / HP LM _ L LMF / FP _ L LMK / KP _ L LMH / HP _ L LMFM	-	H7	J7			

#### Clearance of Outer sleeve and Shaft

Normal fit is standard for using of Linear Bushing with LM shaft. And, for without clearance, tight fit is available. Next table shows outer diameter tolerance of shaft.

Ту	pe	LM :	Shaft
Part rumber	Græde	Normal fit	Tight fit
LM	Higher(H)	f6, g6	h6
LME	-	h7	K6
LMF / FP LMK / KP LMH / HP LM _ L LMF / FP _ L LMK / KP _ L LMH / HP _ L LMFM	-	f6, g6	h6

Negative diametric clearance should not exceed what is specified in the dimension table.

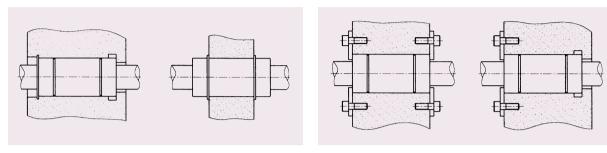
					Radi	cal Cl	earand	:e(μm)							
Type Dr.	Type Dr. 5 6 8S 8 10 12 13 16 20 25 30 35 40 50 60														
<b>ЦМ(μm)</b>	-3	-5	-5	-5	-5	-5	-7	<b>-</b> 7	-9	-9	-9	-13	-13	-13	-16
LME(µm)	-5			-5		<b>-</b> 7		<b>-</b> 7	-9	-9	-9		-13	-13	-16

#### Mounting

High holding strength toward LM shaft direction is not required, but just press fit only for mounting is not recommended.

#### Standard type

Feasible mounting methods are illustrated in Fig 8 and Fig 9. At this moment, fix the linear bushing with retaining rings and cover plates



Mounting with retaining rings

Mounting with cover plates

#### Retaining ring for Mounting

Retaining ring for LM type SAMICK Linear Bushing are used for mounting as shown in the table below

		Retaining	ring(mm)	
Part number	External	(for Shaft)	Internal(	for Bore)
	C type	Needle type	C type	Needle type
LM 5	10	10	10	10
LM 6	12	12	12	12
LM 8	-	15	15	15
LM 8S	-	15	15	15
LM 10	19	19	19	19
LM 12	21	21	21	21
LM 13	23	22	23	-
LM 16	28	-	28	28
LM 20	32	-	32	32
LM 25	40	40	40	40
LM 30	45	45	45	45
LM 35	52	52	52	52
LM 40	-	60	60	60
LM 50	-	80	80	80
LM 60	-	90	90	90

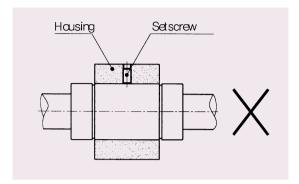
Note) The information in the table are common for LM and LM-L type

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#### Setscrew mounting prohibited

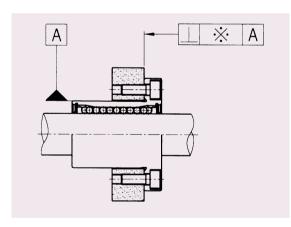
Mounting a Linear Bushing with a set screw as show in Figure will cause deformation of the outer sleeve and should be avoided.

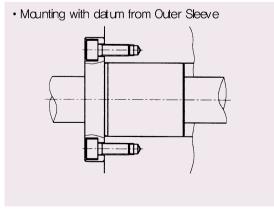


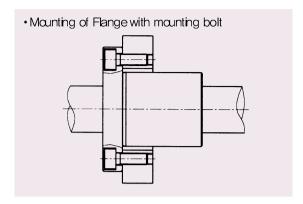
Mounting with setscrew

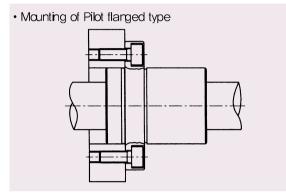
#### Flanged type

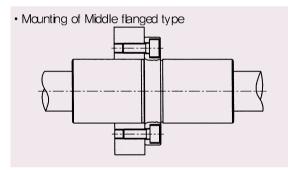
Mounting for LMF, LMK, LMH (included long type), only mounting the flange with mounting bolt can be all of mounting because of its single body shape. Geometric Dimensional Tolerance should be considered when the Outer Sleeve is the datum for installation.







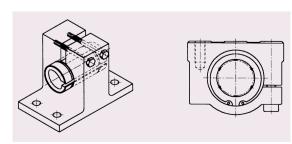




Flanged type mounting

#### Mounting of Adjustable type

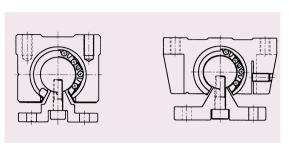
Adjustment of clearance for Adjustable type (AJ) and LM shaft can be obtained by assembling with the adjustable type Housing. In this case, the slotted side of Linear Bushing should be located at 90 ° of open side of Housing for equivalent deformation against radial direction.



Mounting of adjustable type

#### Mounting of Open type

Open type(...OP) also can be used with clearance adjustable housing as shown on Figure. Light pre-load is applied for normal using, but heavy pre-load should be avoided.

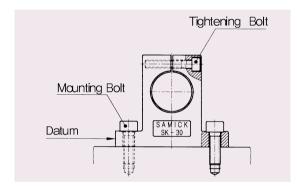


Mounting of Open type

Mounting of Case unit

#### Mounting of Shaft support

Shaft support, SK can be mounted with mounting bolt for table, and LM shaft can be mounted with tightening bolt

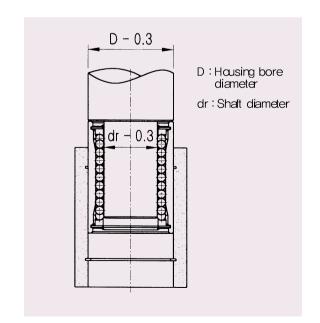


Mounting of Shaft support

# **::** Application Tips

#### Mounting of Linear Bushing

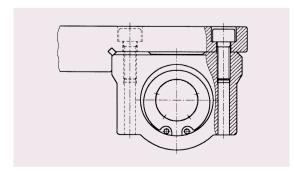
For mounting of standard type SAMICK Linear Bushing into the Housing, a jig should be used to avoid direct hitting on the outer sleeve or seal when installing. See Below.



Mounting into housing

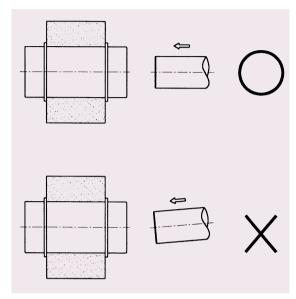
#### Mounting of LM Case Unit

Mounting of SC type Both side mounting of SC(E), SC(E)\_W, SC(E)\_V type from the top and the bottom side with mounting bolt are both available, and it gives you minimum mounting time.



#### Insertion of Shaft

Care must be taken to align the bushing and the shaft when inserting a shaft into a linear bushing. If the shaft is inserted with slanted, balls may depart from the damaged or deformed retainer.



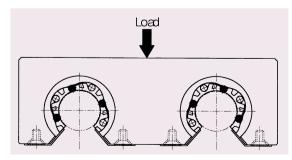
Insertion of shaft into Linear Bearing

#### When Moment loads applied

External loads should be distributed uniformly on a Linear Bushing. When moment bads are applied, two or more Linear Bushings should be used on one LM shaft, and the distance between two Linear Bushings should have enough distance. When the moment loads are applied, calculate the equivalent load and choose the proper Linear Bushing.

# Mounting of open type Linear Bushing with three ball rows

Please mount the open type Linear Bushings with three ball circuit as same as Figure for considering of load distribution.

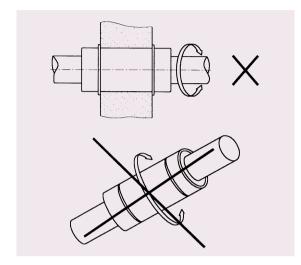


Installation example of LM12, LM13

#### The Rotational Motion Prohibited

Linear Bushing is not suitable for rotational motion.

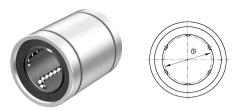
If the Linear Bushing is exposed to rotational motion it may lead unexpeded accidents.

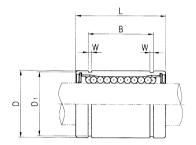


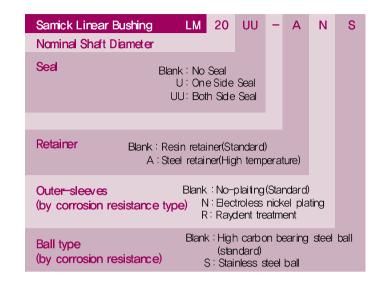
The Rotational Motion Prohibited



### LM CLOSED LINEAR BUSHING







PART N Resin	NUMBER Stee I	D dr.	IAMETER TOLERANCE	ωτ <b>D</b>	ER DIAMETER TOLERANCE	L	В	W	Di	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)	PRATING(N) STATIC(Co) E	NO.OF BALL CROUIT	WEIGHT T (gf)
LM5		5_	-0.008	10	-0.008	15	10.2	1.1	9.6	167	206	4	4
LM6	LM6-A	6		12		19	13.5	1.1	11.5	200	260	4	8
LM8S		8		15	O -0.011	17	11.5	1.1	14.3	170	220	4	11
LM8	LM8-A	8		15		24	17.5	1,1	14.3	260	400	4	16
LM10	LM10-A	10	-0.009	19		29	22.0	1.3	18	370	540	4	30
LM12	LM12-A	12		21	 0 -0,013	30	23.0	1.3	20	410	590	4	31.5
LM13	LM13-A	13		23		32	23.0	1.3	22	500	770	4	43
LM16	LM16-A	16		28_		37	26.5	1.6	27	770	1170	5	69
LM20	LM20-A	20		32		42	30.5	1.6	30.5	860	1370	5	87
LM25	LM25-A	25	 0 	40	 -0.016	59	41.0	1.85	38	980	1560	6	220
LM30		30		45_		64	44.5	1.85	43	1560	2740	6	250
LM35		35		52		70	49.5	2.1	49	1660	3130	6	390
LM40		40	0 -0.012	60	 _0.019	80	60.5	2.1	57	2150	4010	6	585
LM50		50		80		100	74.0	2.6	76.5	3820	7930	6	1580
LM60		60	0 -0.015	90	-0.022	110	85.0	3.15	86.5	4700	9990	6	2000

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km.

In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

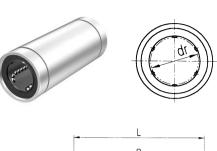
Ex) LM12's 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

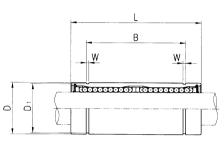
LM12's 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{D0} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$ 

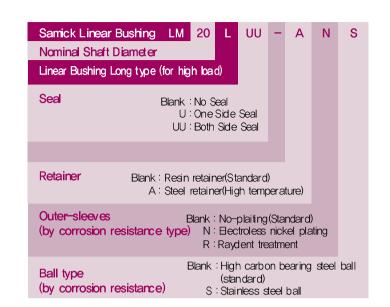
Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

### LM\_L LONG LINEAR BUSHING







PART Resin	NUMBER Steel	DI dr.	AMETER TOLERANCE	D D	ER DIAMETER TOLERANCE	L	В	W	Dı	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)	RATING(N) STATIC(Co)	NO. OF BALL CRO.	WEIGHT JIT (gf)
LM6L	LM6L-A	6		12	_ 0	35	27	1.1	11.5	320	520	4	16
LM8L	LM8L-A	8		15	-0.013	45	35	1,1	14.3	430	780	4	31
LM10L	LM10L-A	10	0	19		55	44	1.3	18	580	1100	4	62
LM12L	LM12L-A	12	-0,010	21	0	57	46	1.3	20	650	1200	4	80
LM13L	LM13L-A	13		23	-0.016	61	46	1.3	22	810	1570	4	90
LM16L	LM16L-A	16		28_		70	53	1.6	27	1230	2350	5	145
LM20L	LM20L-A	20		32		80	61	1.6	30.5	1400	2750	5	180
LM25L	LM25L-A	25	 0 	40	O -0,019	112	82	1.85	38	1560	3140	6	440
LM30L		30_		45_		123	89	1.85	43	2490	5490	6	580
LM35L		35	L	52		135	99	2,1	49	2650	6470	6	795
LM40L		40	O 0.015	60	0 0.022	154	121	2.1	57	3430	8040	6	1170
LM50L		50_		80_		192	148	2.6	76.5	6080	15900	6	3100
LM60L		60	-0.020	90	0 -0.025	211	170	3.15	86.5	7650	20000	6	3500

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km.

In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

Ex) LM12 s 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

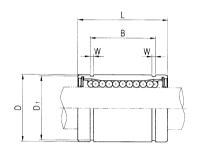
LM12 s 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{00}$  = 410 / 1,26 = 325,40N

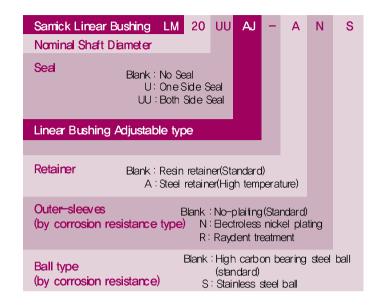
Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

# LM\_AJ ADJUSTABLE LINEAR BUSHING







PART Resin	NUMBER Steel	D dr.	IA METER TOLERANCE	OU 1	TER DIAMETER TOLERANCE	L	В	W	h	D <sub>1</sub>		D RATING(N) STATIC(Co)	NO. OF BALL CIRCUIT	WEIGHT (gf)
LM6 AJ	LM6 AJ-A	6		12		19	13.5	1.1	1	11.5	200	260	4	8
LM8S AJ		8		15	 O -0.011	17	11.5	1.1	1	14.3	170	220	4	11
LM8 AJ	LM8 AJ-A	8		15		24	17.5	1.1	1	14.3	260	400	4	16
LM10 AJ	LM10 AJ-A	10	-0.009	19		29	22.0	1.3	1	18	370	540	4	30
LM12 AJ	LM12 AJ-A	12		21	— o −0.013	30	23.0	1.3	1.5	20	410	590	4	31.5
LM13 AJ	LM13 AJ-A	13		23 [	— -0.013	32	23.0	1.3	1.5	22	500	770	4	43
LM16 AJ	LM16 AJ-A	16_		28_		37	26.5	1.6	1.5	27	770	1170	5	69
LM20 AJ	LM20 AJ-A	20		32		42	30.5	1.6	1.5	30.5	860	1370	5	87
LM25 AJ	LM25 AJ-A	25	 _0 _0.010	40	 O -0.016	59	41.0	1.85	2	38	980	1560	6	220
LM30 AJ	LM30 AJ-A	30	_	45	_	64	44.5	1.85	2.5	43	1560	2740	6	250
LM35 AJ	LM35 AJ-A	35		52		70	49.5	2.1	2.5	49	1660	3130	6	390
LM40 AJ	LM40 AJ-A	40	 0 -0.012	60	 O -0.019	80	60.5	2.1	3	57	2150	4010	6	585
LM50 AJ	LM50 AJ-A	50 _		80		100	74.0	2.6	3	76.5	3820	7930	6	1580
LM60 AJ	LM60 AJ-A	60	0 -0.015	90	-0.022	110	85.0	3.15	3	86.5	4700	9990	6	2000

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km.

In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

Ex) LM12's 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

LM12's 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{100} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$ 

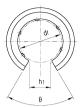
Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

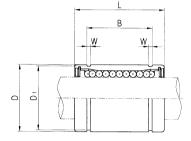
Note 3) Dimension: mm

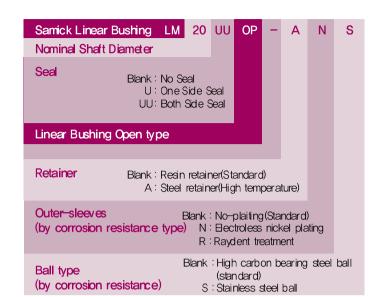
Note 4) Outer diameter is the obtained value before the slotting process.

### LM\_OP OPEN LINEAR BUSHING









PART NUMB Resin	0	DIAN dr.	ÆTER TOLERANCE	D	TOLERANCE	L	В	W	hı	θ	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)		NO. OF BALL CROU	WEIGHT IT (gf)
LM12 OP	1	12		21	0	30	23.0	1.3	8	80	410	590	3	31.5
LM13 OP	1	13 _	0.009	23	-0.013	32	23.0	1.3	9	80	500	770	3	43
LM16 OP	1	16	_	28	_	37	26.5	1.6	11	80	770	1170	4	69
LM20 OP	2	20		32		42	30.5	1.6	11	60	860	1370	4	87
LM25 OP	2	25	-0.010	40 <sup>L</sup>	- 0 -0,016	59	41.0	1.85	12	50	980	1560	5	220
LM30 OP	3	30	-	45		64	44.5	1.85	15	50	1560	2740	5	250
LM35 OP	3	35		52		70	49.5	2.1	17	50	1660	3130	5	390
LM40 OP	4	10	0 -0,012	60	-0.019	80	60.5	2.1	20	50	2150	4010	5	585
LM50 OP	5	50		80		100	74.0	2.6	25	50	3820	7930	5	1580
LM60 OP	6	60	0 -0.015	90	0 -0.022	110	85.0	3.15	30	50	4700	9990	5	2000

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km.

In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

Ex) LM12 s 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

LM12 s 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{00}$  = 410 / 1,26 = 325,40N

Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

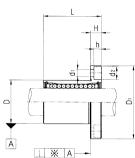
Note 4) Outer diameter is the obtained value before the slotting process.

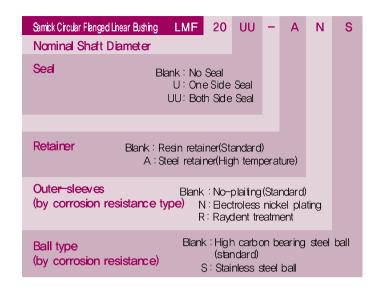
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### LMF FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING







PART N	NUMBER Stee I	dr.	DIAMETER TOLERANCE	D	rolerance	L	D <sub>1</sub>	Н	PCD	d₁	d₂	h	SQUARENESS ** (µm)		DRATING(N) STATIC(Co) B	NO.OF FALL CIRCUI	WEIGHT IT (gf)
LMF 6	LMF6-A	6		12		19	28	5	20	3.4	6.5	3.3	12	200	260	4	26.5
LMF 8S		8		15	0 -0.011	17	32	5	24	3.4	6.5	3.3	12	170	220	4	34
LMF 8	LMF8-A	8		15 _		24	32	5	24	3.4	6.5	3.3	12	260	400	4	40
LMF 10	LMF10-A	10	-0.009	19		29	40	6	29	4.5	8.0	4.4	12	370	540	4	78
LMF 12	LMF12-A	12		21 <sup>[</sup>		30	42	6	32	4.5	8.0	4.4	12	410	590	4	76
LMF 13	LMF13-A	13		23	-0.013	32	43	6	33	4.5	8.0	4.4	12	500	770	4	94
LMF 16	LMF16-A	16		28		37	48	6	38	4.5	8.0	4.4	12	770	1170	5	134
LMF 20	LMF20-A	20		32		42	54	8	43	5.5	9.5	5.4	15	860	1370	5	180
LMF 25	LMF25-A	25	-0.010	40	-0.016	59	62	8	51	5.5	9.5	5.4	15	980	1560	6	340
LMF 30		30		45 ]		64	74	10	60	6.6	11.0	6.5	15	1560	2740	6	460
LMF 35		35		52		70	82	10	67	6.6	11.0	6.5	20	1660	3130	6	795
LMF 40		40	0 -0.012	60	0 -0.019	80	96	13	78	9.0	14.0	8.6	20	2150	4010	6	1054
LMF 50		50		80_		100	116	13	98	9.0	14.0	8.6	20	3820	7930	6	2200
LMF 60		60	0 -0.015	90	-0.022	110	134	18	112	11.0	17.5	10.8	3 25	4700	9990	6	2960

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50km.

In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

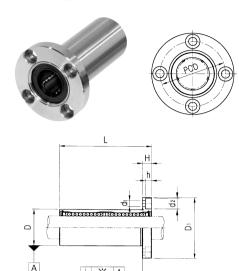
Ex) LM12's 50km basis dynamic load rating C = 410N

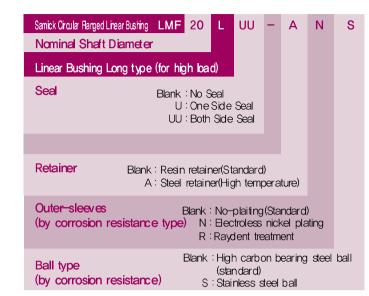
LM12's 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{100} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$ 

Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

### LMF\_L FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING LONG





PART N <b>Resin</b>	UMBER Stee I	DIA METER D dr. TOLERANCE	D TOLERANCE	L	Dı	Н	PCD	d <sub>1</sub>	d₂	h	SQUARENESS ※(um)	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)			WEIGHT IT (gf)
LMF6 L	LMF6L-A	6	12 0	35	28	5	20	3.4	6.5	3.3	15	320	520	4	31
LMF8 L	LMF8L-A	8	150.013	45	32	5	24	3.4	6.5	3.3	15	430	780	4	53
LMF10 L	LMF10L-A	10 _0	19	55	40	6	29	4.5	8.0	4.4	15	580	1100	4	105
LMF12 L	LMF12L-A	12	21	57	42	6	32	4.5	8.0	4.4	15	650	1200	4	100
LMF13 L	LMF13L-A	13	23 -0.016	61	43	6	33	4.5	8.0	4.4	15	810	1570	4	130
LMF16 L	LMF16L-A	16	28_	70	48	6	38	4.5	8.0	4.4	15	1230	2350	5	187
LMF20 L	LMF20L-A	20	32	80	54	8	43	5.5	9.5	5.4	20	1400	2750	5	260
LMF25 L	LMF25L-A	25 <sub>-0.012</sub>	40 _0.019	112	62	8	51	5.5	9.5	5.4	20	1560	3140	6	515
LMF30 L		30	45	123	74	10	60	6.6	11.0	6.5	20	2490	5490	6	655
LMF35 L		35	52	135	82	10	67	6.6	11.0	6.5	25	2650	6470	6	970
LMF40 L		400.015	60 _0.022	154	96	13	78	9.0	14.0	8.6	25	3430	8040	6	1560
LMF50 L		50_	80	192	116	13	98	9.0	14.0	8.6	25	6080	15900	6	3500
LMF60 L		60 -0.020	90 _0.025	211	134	18	112	11.0	17.5	10.8	25	7650	20000	6	4500

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km. In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26 Ex) LM12 s 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N LM12 s 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{\text{to}} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$ 

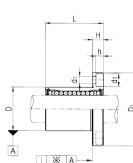
Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

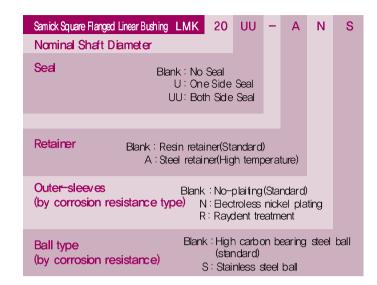
Note 3) Dimension: mm

Dimension Table Dimension Table

### LMK FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING





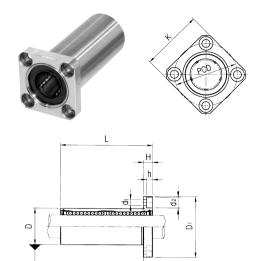


PART Resin	NUMBER Stee I	Dl dr.	AMETER TOLERANCE	D	TOLERANCE	L	D <sub>1</sub>	Н	PCD	K	d <sub>1</sub> d <sub>2</sub>	h	SQUARENESS *(um)		RATING(N) STATIC(Co)	NO. OF BALL CROUIT	WEIGHT (gf)
LMK6	LMK6-A	6		12		19	28	5	20	22	3.46.5	3.3	12	200	260	4	26.5
LMK8S		8		15	0 -0, 011	17	32	5	24	25	3.4 6.5	3.3	12	170	220	4	34
LMK8	LMK8-A	8		15_		24	32	5	24	25	3.46.5	3.3	12	260	400	4	40
LMK10	LMK10-A	10	-0.009	19		29	40	6	29	30	4.5 8.0	4.4	12	370	540	4	78
LMK12	LMK12-A	12		21	_ 0	30	42	6	32	32	4.5 8.0	4.4	12	410	590	4	76
LMK13	LMK13-A	13		23	-0.013	32	43	6	33	34	4.5 8.0	4.4	12	500	770	4	94
LMK16	LMK16-A	16		28_		37	48	6	38	37	4.5 8.0	4.4	12	770	1170	5	134
LMK20	LMK20-A	20		32	L <sub>.</sub>	42	54	8	43	42	5.5 9.5	5.4	15	860	1370	5	180
LMK25	LMK25-A	25	 0 -0.010	40	0 -0.016	59	62	8	51	50	5.5 9.5	5.4	15	980	1560	6	340
LMK30		30 _		45_		64	74	10	60	58	6.611.0	6.5	15	1560	2740	6	460
LMK35		35		52		70	82	10	67	64	6.611.0	6.5	20	1660	3130	6	795
LMK40		40	-0,012	60	-0,019	80	96	13	78	75	9.014.0	8.6	20	2150	4010	6	1054
LMK50		50 _		80_		100	116	13	98	92	9.014.0	8.6	20	3820	7930	6	2200
LMK60		60	0 -0.015	90	-0.022	110	134	18	112	106	311.017.5	10.8	3 25	4700	9990	6	2960

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km. In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26 Ex) LM12's 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 NLM12's 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{\infty0} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$ Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

### LMK\_L FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING LONG





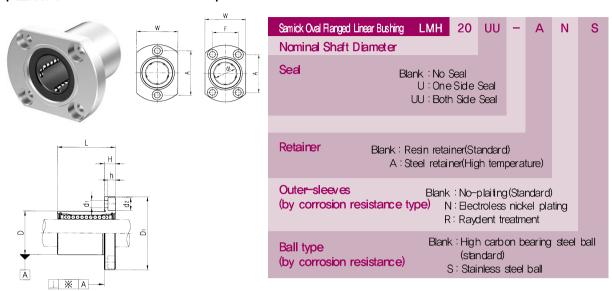
PART N Resin	JUMBER Steel	DIAMETER dr. TOLERANCE	D TOLERANCE	L	Dı	Н	PCD	K	d <sub>1</sub>	d <sub>2</sub>	h	SQUARENESS ※(µm)			NO. OF BALL CROJIT	WEIGHT (gf)
LMK6 L	LMK6L-A	6	12 0	35	28	5	20	22	3.4	6.5	3.3	15	320	520	4	31
LMK8 L	LMK8L-A	8	15	45	32	5	24	25	3.4	6.5	3.3	15	430	780	4	53
LMK10 L	LMK10L-A	10 _ 0	19	55	40	6	29	30	4.5	8.0	4.4	15	580	1100	4	105
LMK12 L	LMK12L-A	12	21 _0	57	42	6	32	32	4.5	8.0	4.4	15	650	1200	4	100
LMK13 L	LMK13L-A	13	23	61	43	6	33	34	4.5	8.0	4.4	15	810	1570	4	130
LMK16 L	LMK16L-A	16_	28_	70	48	6	38	37	4.5	8.0	4.4	15	1230	2350	5	187
LMK20 L	LMK20L-A	20	32	80	54	8	43	42	5.5	9.5	5.4	20	1400	2750	5	260
LMK25 L	LMK25L-A	25 <sub>-0.012</sub>	400.019	112	62	8	51	50	5.5	9.5	5.4	20	1560	3140	6	515
LMK30 L		30_	45	123	74	10	60	58	6.6	11.0	6.5	20	2490	5490	6	655
LMK35 L		35	52	135	82	10	67	64	6.6	11.0	6.5	25	2650	6470	6	970
LMK40 L		400.015	600.022	154	96	13	78	75	9.0	14.0	8.6	25	3430	8040	6	1560
LMK50 L		50_	80	192	116	13	98	92	9.0	14.0	8.6	25	6080	15900	6	3500
LMK60 L		60 -0.020	90 0	211	134	18	112	106	11.0	17.5	10.8	25	7650	20000	6	4500

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50km, In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26 Ex) LM12 s 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 NLM12 s 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{00}$  = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40N Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

• The Principle of Linear System Linear Bushing By SAMICK the Linear Instinct 52 | 53 Dimension Table Dimension Table

### LMH FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING



PART I	NUMBER Steel	DIAMETER dr. TOLERANCE	D TOLERANCE	L	Dı	Н	W	Α	F	d۱	<b>d</b> ²	h	SQUARENESS ※(μm)	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)		NO.OF BALL CROUIT	WEIGHT (gf)
LMH6	LMH6-A	6	12 0	19	28	5	18	20	-	3.4	6.5	3.3	12	200	260	4	26.5
LMH8	LMH8-A	8	15	24	32	5	21	24	-	3.4	6.5	3.3	12	260	400	4	40
LMH10	LMH10-A	10 _ 0	19	29	40	6	25	29	-	4.5	8.0	4.4	12	370	540	4	78
LMH12	LMH12-A	12	21 _0	30	42	6	27	32	-	4.5	8.0	4.4	12	410	590	4	76
LMH13	LMH13-A	13	23 -0.013	32	43	6	29	33	-	4.5	8.0	4.4	12	500	770	4	94
LMH16	LMH16-A	16_	28_	37	48	6	34	31	22	4.5	8.0	4.4	12	770	1170	5	134
LMH20	LMH20-A	20	32	42	54	8	38	36	24	5.5	9.5	5.4	15	860	1370	5	180
LMH25	LMH25-A	25 <sub>-0.010</sub>	40 _0.016	59	62	8	46	40	32	5.5	9.5	5.4	15	980	1560	6	340
LMH30		30_	45_	64	74	10	51	49	35	6.6	11.0	6.5	15	1560	2740	6	460

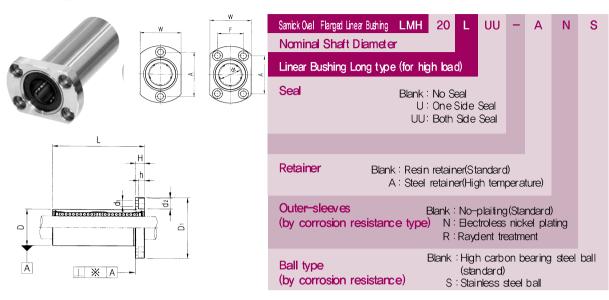
Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km. In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26 Ex) LM12's 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

LM12's 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{\infty0} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$ 

Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

### | LMH\_L FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING LONG |



PART N Resin	NUMBER Stee I		IAMETE TOLERANCE	D TOLERANCE	L	D <sub>1</sub>	н	w	Α	F	dı d	d <sub>2</sub> h	SQJARENESS ※(μm)			NO. OF BALL CIRCUIT	WEIGHT T (gf)
LMH6 L	LMH6L-A	6		12 0	35	28	5	18	20	-	3.4 6	6.5 3.3	3 15	320	520	4	31
LMH8 L	LMH8L-A	8		150.013	45	32	5	21	24	-	3.4 6	3.5 3.3	3 15	430	780	4	53
LMH10 L	LMH10L-A	10	0	19	55	40	6	25	29	-	4.5 8	3.0 4.4	15	580	1100	4	105
LMH12 L	LMH12L-A	12	-0.010	21 _0	57	42	6	27	32	-	4.5 8	3.0 4.4	15	650	1200	4	100
LMH13 L	LMH13L-A	13		23 -0.016	61	43	6	29	33	-	4.5 8	3.0 4.4	15	810	1570	4	130
LMH16 L	LMH16L-A	16_		28	70	48	6	34	31	22	4.5 8	3.0 4.4	15	1230	2350	5	187
LMH20 L	LMH20L-A	20		32	80	54	8	38	36	24	5.5 9	9.5 5.4	1 20	1400	2750	5	260
LMH25 L	LMH25L-A	25	0 -0.012	40 _0.019	112	62	8	46	40	32	5.5 9	9.5 5.4	1 20	1560	3140	6	515
LMH30 L		30_		45	123	74	10	51	49	35	6.61	1.0 6.5	5 20	2490	5490	6	655

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50km, In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26 Ex) LM12 s 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 NLM12 s 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{00}$  = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40N Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

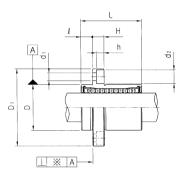
Note 3) Dimension: mm

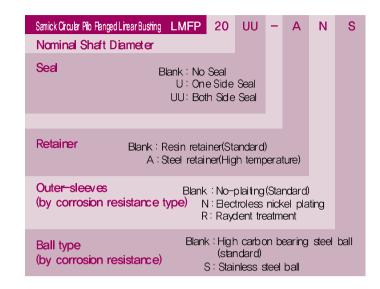
• The Principle of Linear System Linear Bushing By SAMICK the Linear Instinct 54 | 55

### LMFP FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING









PART Resin	NUMBER Steel		AMETER OLERANCE	D mm TOLERANCE	L	Dı	Q	Н	PCD	d₁	d₂	h	SQUARENESS ※(um)	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)		NO. OF BALL CIRCUIT	WEIGHT T (gf)
LMFP6	LMFP6-A	6		12	19	28	5	5	20	3.4	6.5	3.3	12	200	260	4	26.5
LMFP8	LMFP8-A	8		15	24	32	5	5	24	3.4	6.5	3.3	12	260	400	4	40
LMFP10	LMFP10-A	10		19	29	40	6	6	29	<b>4.</b> 5	8	4.4	12	370	540	4	76
LMFP12	LMFP12-A	12	-0.009	21 _0	30	42	6	6	32	4.5	8	4.4	12	410	590	4	78
LMFP13	LMFP13-A	13		23 -0.013	32	43	6	6	33	4.5	8	4.4	12	500	770	4	94
LMFP16	LMFP16-A	16_		28_	37	48	6	6	38	4.5	8	4.4	12	770	1170	5	134
LMFP20	LMFP20-A	20		32	42	54	8	8	43	5.5	9.5	5 <b>.</b> 4	15	860	1370	5	180
LMFP25	LMFP25-A	25	-0.010	40 -0.016	59	62	8	8	51	5.5	9.5	5.4	15	980	1560	6	340
LMFP30		30_		45	64	74	10	10	60	6.6	11	6.5	15	1560	2740	6	460
LMFP35		35		52	70	82	10	10	67	6.6	11	6.5	20	1660	3130	6	795
LMFP40		40	0 -0.012	60 -0.019	80	96	13	13	78	9	14	8.6	20	2150	4010	6	1054
LMFP50		50_		80_	100	116	13	13	98	9	14	8.6	20	3820	7930	6	2200
LMFP60		60	0 -0.015	90 -0.022	110	134	18	18	112	11	17.5	10.8	3 25	4700	9990	6	2960

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50km.

In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26 Ex) LM12's 50km basis dynamic load rating C = 410N

LM12's 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{100} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$ 

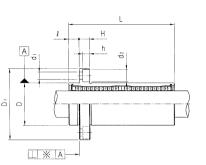
Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

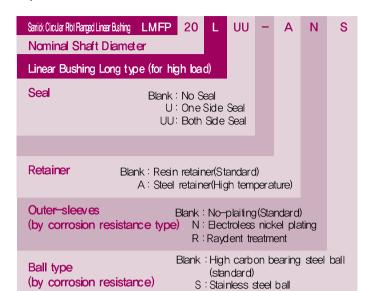
Note 3) Dimension: mm

### LMFP\_L FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING LONG









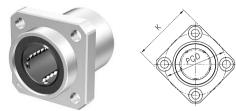
PART   Resin	NUMBER Steel	DIAMETER dr. TOLERANCE	D mm TOLERANCE	L	Dı	Q	Н	PCD	d <sub>1</sub>	d <sub>2</sub>	h	SQUARENESS ※(um)	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)		NO, OF BALL CIRCUIT	WEIGHT (gf)
LMFP6L	LMFP6L-A	6	12	35	28	5	5	20	3.4	6.5	3.3	15	320	520	4	31
LMFP8L	LMFP8L-A	8	15	45	32	5	5	24	3.4	6.5	3.3	15	430	780	4	53
LMFP10L	LMFP10L-A	10	19	55	40	6	6	29	4.5	8	4.4	15	580	1100	4	105
LMFP12L	LMFP12L-A	12	21 _0	57	42	6	6	32	4.5	8	4.4	15	650	1200	4	100
LMFP13L	LMFP13L-A	13	23	61	43	6	6	33	4.5	8	4.4	15	810	1570	4	130
LMFP16L	LMFP16L-A	16_	28_	70	48	6	6	38	4.5	8	4.4	15	1230	2350	5	187
LMFP20L	LMFP20L-A	20	32	80	54	8	8	43	5.5	9.5	5.4	20	1400	2750	5	260
LMFP25L	LMFP25L-A	25 _0.012	400.019	112	62	8	8	51	5.5	9.5	5.4	20	1560	3140	6	515
LMFP30L		30_	45_	123	74	10	10	60	6.6	11	6.5	20	2490	5490	6	655
LMFP35L		35	52	135	82	10	10	67	6.6	11	6.5	25	2650	6470	6	970
LMFP40L		400.015	600.022	154	96	13	13	78	9	14	8.6	25	3430	8040	6	1560
LMFP50L		50_	80_	192	116	13	13	98	9	14	8.6	25	6080	15900	6	3500
LMFP60L		60 -0.020	90 -0.025	211	134	18	18	112	11	17.51	10.8	25	7650	20000	6	4500

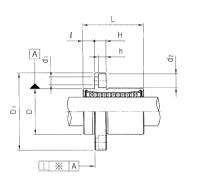
Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km. In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26 Ex) LM12 s 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N LM12 s 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{\text{to}} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$ 

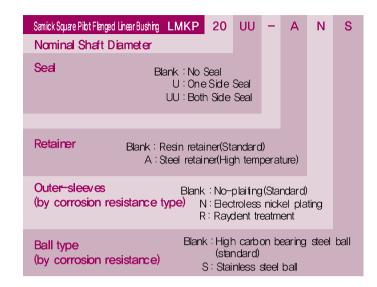
Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

### LMKP FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING







PART Resin	NUMBER Stee I		IAMETER OLERANCE	D mm TOLERANCE	L	Dı	Q	н	PCD	K	d <sub>1</sub>	d <sub>2</sub>	h <sup>s</sup>	GUARENESS ※(μm)	B ASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)		NO, OF BALL CIRCUIT	WEIGHT T (gf)
LMKP6	LMKP6-A	6		12 0	19	28	5	5	20	22	3.4	6.5	3.3	12	200	260	4	26.5
LMKP8	LMKP8-A	8		15	24	32	5	5	24	25	3.4	6.5	3.3	12	260	400	4	40
LMKP10	LMKP10-A	10		19	29	40	6	6	29	30	4.5	8	4.4	12	370	540	4	76
LMKP12	LMKP12-A	12	-0.009	21	30	42	6	6	32	32	4.5	8	4.4	12	410	590	4	78
LMKP13	LMKP13-A	13		23	32	43	6	6	33	34	4.5	8	4.4	12	500	770	4	94
LMKP16	LMKP16-A	16_		28_	37	48	6	6	38	37	4.5	8	4.4	12	770	1170	5	134
LMKP20	LMKP20-A	20		32	42	54	8	8	43	42	5.5	9.5	5.4	15	860	1370	5	180
LMKP25	LMKP25-A	25	-0.010	40 -0.016	59	62	8	8	51	50	5.5	9.5	5.4	15	980	1560	6	340
LMKP30		30_		45	64	74	10	10	60	58	6.6	11	6.5	15	1560	2740	6	460
LMKP35		35		52	70	82	10	10	67	64	6.6	11	6.5	20	1660	3130	6	795
LMKP40		40	0 -0.012	60 -0.019	80	96	13	13	78	75	9	14	8.6	20	2150	4010	6	1054
LMKP50		50_		80	100	116	13	13	98	92	9	14	8.6	20	3820	7930	6	2200
LMKP60		60	-0.015	90 -0.022	110	134	18	18	112	106	11	17	10.8	25	4700	9990	6	2960

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km. In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

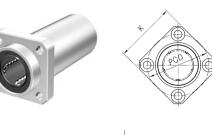
Ex) LM12's 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

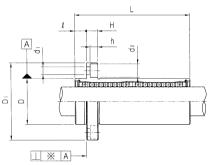
LM12's 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{100} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$ 

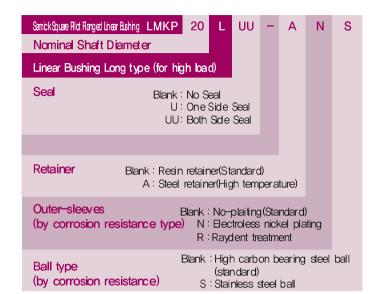
Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

# | LMKP\_L FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING LONG |







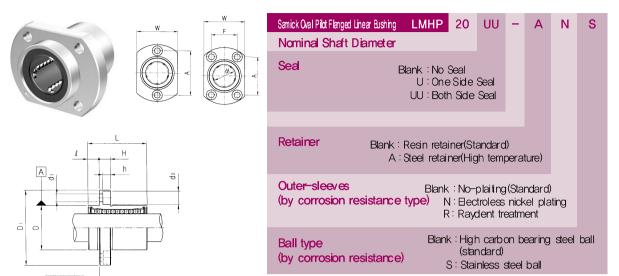
PART N <b>Resin</b>	UMBER Steel		AMETER OLERANCE	D mm TOLERANCE	L	Dı	Q	н	PCD	K	d۱	d <sub>2</sub>	h <sup>so</sup>	QUARENES: **(um)	S BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)		NO.OF BALL ORCUI	WEIGHT T (gf)
LMKP6L	LMKP6L-A	6		12 0	35	28	5	5	20	22	3.4	6.5	3.3	15	320	520	4	31
LMKP8L	LMKP8L-A	8		150.013	45	32	5	5	24	25	3.4	6.5	3.3	15	430	780	4	53
LMKP10L	LMKP10L-A	10		19	55	40	6	6	29	30	4.5	8	4.4	15	580	1100	4	105
LMKP12L	LMKP12L-A	12	-0.010	21	57	42	6	6	32	32	4.5	8	4.4	15	650	1200	4	100
LMKP13L	LMKP13L-A	13		23016	61	43	6	6	33	34	4.5	8	4.4	15	810	1570	4	130
LMKP16L	LMKP16L-A	16_		28_	70	48	6	6	38	37	4.5	8	4.4	15	1230	2350	5	187
LMKP20L	LMKP20L-A	20		32	80	54	8	8	43	42	5.5	9.5	5.4	20	1400	2750	5	260
LMKP25L	LMKP25L-A	25	0 -0.012	40 0	112	62	8	8	51	50	5.5	9.5	5.4	20	1560	3140	6	515
LMKP30L		30_		45	123	74	10	10	60	58	6.6	11	6.5	20	2490	5490	6	655
LMKP35L		35		52	135	82	10	10	67	64	6.6	11	6.5	25	2650	6470	6	970
LMKP40L		40	0 -0, 015	60 0	154	96	13	13	78	75	9	14	8.6	25	3430	8040	6	1560
LMKP50L		50_		80	192	116	13	13	98	92	9	14	8.6	25	6080	15900	6	3500
LMKP60L		60	0 -0.020	90 0	211	134	18	18	112	106	11	17	10.8	25	7650	20000	6	4500

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km. In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26 Ex) LM12 s 50 km basis dynamic load rating  $C = 410 \, \text{N}$  LM12 s 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{\text{po}} = 410 \, \text{/} \, 1.26 = 325.40 \, \text{N}$ 

Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

### | LMHP FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING



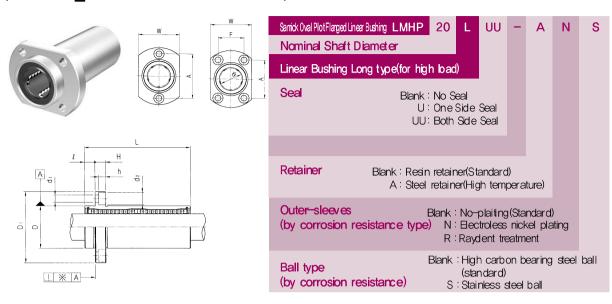
PART Resin	NUMBER Steel	DIAMETER dr. TOLERANCE	D mm TOLERANCE	L D	Q	Η	W A	Д	F	d <sub>1</sub>	d <sub>2</sub>	h	SQUARENE: **(um)	SS BASIC LOAE DYNAMIC(C)		NO, OF BALL CIRCUIT	WEIGHT T (gf)
LMHP6	LMHP6-A	6	12 0	19 28	5	5	18 2	20		3.4	6.5	3.3	12	200	260	4	26.5
LMHP8	LMHP8-A	8	15	24 32	5	5 2	21 2	24		3.4	6.5	3.3	12	260	400	4	40
LMHP10	LMHP10-A	10 _0	19	29 40	6	6	25 2	29		4.5	8	4.4	12	370	540	4	76
LMHP12	LMHP12-A	12 -0.009	21 _0	30 42	6	6 2	27 3	32		4.5	8	4.4	12	410	590	4	78
LMHP13	LMHP13-A	13	23	32 43	6	6	29 3	33		4.5	8	4.4	12	500	770	4	94
LMHP16	LMHP16-A	16_	28_	37 48	6	6	34 3	31	22	4.5	8	4.4	12	770	1170	5	134
LMHP20	LMHP20-A	20	32	42 54	8	8 3	38 3	36	24	5.5	9.5	5.4	15	860	1370	5	180
LMHP25	LMHP25-A	25 -0.010	40 -0.016	59 62	8	8 4	46 4	40	32	5.5	9.5	5.4	15	980	1560	6	340
LMHP30		30_	45_	64 74	10	10 :	51 4	49 :	35	6.6	11	6.5	15	1560	2740	6	460

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km. In case of 100 km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26 Ex) LM12's 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N LM12's 100 km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{00} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$  Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

# The Principle of Linear System Linear Bushing

# | LMHP\_L FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING LONG |



PART NUMBER Resin Stee I	DIAMETER dr. TOLERANCE	D mm TOLERANCE	L	Dı (	) I	н w	Α	F	dı	d <sub>2</sub>	h	SQJARENESS ※(μm)	B ASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)		NO. OF BALL CROUIT	WEIGHT (gf)
LMHP6L LMHP6L-A	6	12 0	35	28 !	5 5	5 18	20		3.4	6.5	3.3	15	320	520	4	31
LMHP8L LMHP8L-A	8	150.013	45	32 !	5 5	5 21	24		3.4	6.5	3.3	15	430	780	4	53
LMHP10L LMHP10L-A	10	19	55	40 (	6 6	3 25	29		4.5	8	4.4	15	580	1100	4	105
LMHP12L LMHP12L-A	12	21 _0	57	42 (	6 6	3 27	32		4.5	8	4.4	15	650	1200	4	100
LMHP13L LMHP13L-A	13	23 -0.016	61	43 (	6 6	3 29	33		4.5	8	4.4	15	810	1570	4	130
LMHP16L LMHP16L-A	16_	28_	70	48 (	6 6	34	31	22	4.5	8	4.4	15	1230	2350	5	187
LMHP20L LMHP20L-A	20	32	80	54 8	8 8	38	36	24	5.5	9.5	5.4	20	1400	2750	5	260
LMHP25L LMHP25L-A	25 0 -0.012	40 _0 0	112	62 8	3 8	3 46	40	32	5.5	9.5	5.4	20	1560	3140	6	515
LMHP30L	30_	45_	123	74 1	0 1	0 51	49	35	6.6	11	6.5	20	2940	5490	6	655

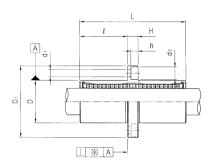
Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km. In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26 Ex) LM12 s 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N LM12 s 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{\text{po}} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$  Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer Note 3) Dimension: mm

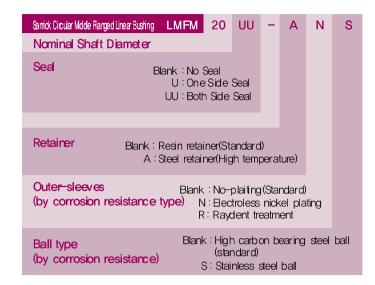
By SAMICK the Linear Instinct 60 61

### LMFM FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING LONG









PART NUMBER Resin Stee I	DIA METER dr. TOLERANCE	D mm TOLERANCE	L	Dı	Q	н	PCD	d۱	<b>d</b> ²	h <sup>s</sup>	SQUARENES ※(um)	SS BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)	RATING(N) STATIC(Co)	NO. OF BALL CROUIT	WEIGHT T (gf)
LMFM6 LMFM6-A	6	12 0	35	28	15	5	20	3.4	6.5	3.3	15	320	520	4	31
LMFM8 LMFM8-A	8	15	45	32	20	5	24	3.4	6.5	3.3	15	430	780	4	53
LMFM10 LMFM10-A	10	19	55	40	24.5	6	29	4.5	8	4.4	15	580	1100	4	105
LMFM12 LMFM12-A	12	21	57	42	25.5	6	32	4.5	8	4.4	15	650	1200	4	100
LMFM13 LMFM13-A	13	23 -0.013	61	43	27.5	6	33	4.5	8	4.4	15	810	1570	4	130
LMFM16 LMFM16-A	16_	28_	70	48	32	6	38	4.5	8	4.4	15	1230	2350	5	187
LMFM20 LMFM20-A	20	32	80	54	36	8	43	5.5	9.5	5.4	20	1400	2750	5	260
LMFM25 LMFM25-A	25 <sub>-0.012</sub>	40 0	112	62	52	8	51	5.5	9.5	5.4	20	1560	3140	6	515
LMFM30	30_	45_	123	74	56.5	10	60	6.6	11	6.5	20	2940	5490	6	655
LMFM35	35	52	135	82	62.5	10	67	6.6	11	6.5	25	2650	6470	6	970
LMFM40	40 -0.015	60 _0	154	96	70.5	13	78	9	14	8.6	25	3430	8040	6	1560
LMFM50	50_	80	192	116	89.5	13	98	9	14	8.6	25	6080	15900	6	3500
LMFM60	60 -0.020	90 -0.022	211	134	96.5	18	112	11	17.5	10.8	25	7650	20000	6	4500

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km. In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

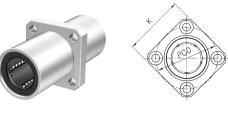
Ex) LM12's 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

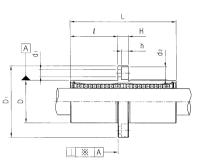
LM12's 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{100} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$ 

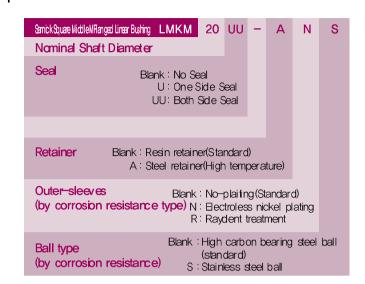
Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

### LMKM FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING LONG







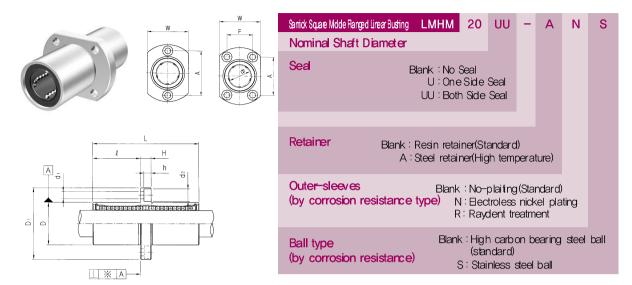
LMKM12       LMKM12-A       12	12 15 -0.01 15 -0.01 19 21 23 -0.01 28 32	45 55 57 61 70	42	15 5 20 5 24.5 6 25.5 6 27.5 6	24 29 32 33	25 30 32 34	4.5	6.5 8 8	3.3 3.3 4.4 4.4 4.4	15 15 15 15 15	320 430 580 650 810	520 780 1100 1200 1570	4 4 4 4	31 53 105 100 130
LMKM10 LMKM10-A 10  LMKM12 LMKM12-A 12  LMKM13 LMKM13-A 13  LMKM16 LMKM16-A 16  LMKM20 LMKM20-A 20  LMKM25 LMKM25-A 25	15 19 19 23 -0.011 28	45 55 57 61 70	40 42 43	24.5 6 25.5 6 27.5 6	32 33	30 32 34	4.5 4.5	8	4.4 4.4	15 15	580 650	1100	4	105
LMKM12       LMKM12-A       12          LMKM13       LMKM13-A       13         LMKM16       LMKM16-A       16         LMKM20       LMKM20-A       20         LMKM25       LMKM25-A       25	23 -0.01	57 57 61 70	42 43	25.5 6 27.5 6	32	32 34	4.5	8	4.4	15	650	1200	4	100
LMKM12 LMKM12-A 12  LMKM13 LMKM13-A 13  LMKM16 LMKM16-A 16  LMKM20 LMKM20-A 20  LMKM25 LMKM25-A 25	23 -0.01	one 61 70	43	27.5 6	33	34		_						
LMKM16 LMKM16-A 16 LMKM20 LMKM20-A 20 LMKM25-A 25 -c	28	70					4.5	8	4.4	15	810	1570	4	130
LMKM20 LMKM20-A 20 LMKM25-A 25 -0		, ,	48	32 6	38	07								
LMKM25 LMKM25-A 25 -c	32				, 00	3/	4.5	8	4.4	15	1230	2350	5	187
	JZ	80	54	36 8	43	42	5.5	9.5	5.4	20	1400	2750	5	260
LMKM30 30	0.012 40 -0.01	112	62	52 8	51	50	5.5	9.5	5.4	20	1560	3140	6	515
	45_	123	74	56.5 10	60	58	6.6	11	6.5	20	2940	5490	6	655
<b>LMKM35</b> 35	52	135	82	62.5 10	67	64	6.6	11	6.5	25	2650	6470	6	970
<b>LMKM40</b> 40 -0	0 0.015 60 -0.02	154	96	70.5 13	3 78	75	9	14	8.6	25	3430	8040	6	2560
LMKM50 50	80_	192	116 8	89.5 13	3 98	92	9	14	8.6	25	6080	15900	6	3500
<b>LMKM60</b> 60 <sub>-0.</sub>	0 0.020 90 -0.02	25 211	134 9	96,5 18	3 112	106	11	17.5	10.8	25	7650	20000	6	4500

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km. In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26 Ex) LM12 s 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N LM12 s 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{\text{Do}} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$ 

Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

# | LMHM FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING |



PART N	UMBER Steel		AMETER OLERANCE	D mm TOL	ERANCE	L	Dı	Q	Н	W	Α	F	d <sub>1</sub>	d <sub>2</sub>	h	SQUARENES ※(um)	S BASIC LOAE DYNAMIC(C)	RATING(N) STATIC(Co)	NO, OF BALL CROUI	WEIGHT T (gf)
LMHM6	LMHM6-A	6		12	- 0	35	28	15	5	18	20		3.4	6.5	3.3	15	320	520	4	31
LMHM8	LMHM8-A	8		15	-O.O13 -	45	32	20	5	21	24		3.4	6.5	3.3	15	430	780	4	53
LMHM10	LMHM10-A	10		19		55	40	24.5	6	25	29		<b>4.</b> 5	8	4.4	15	580	1100	4	105
LMHM12	LMHM12-A	12	-0.010	21 L	-	57	42	25.5	6	27	32		4.5	8	4.4	15	650	1200	4	100
LMHM13	LMHM13-A	13		23 _	-0.016 -	61	43	27.5	6	29	33		<b>4.</b> 5	8	4.4	15	810	1570	4	130
LMHM16	LMHM16-A	16_		28_		70	48	32	6	34	31	22 -	4.5	8	4.4	15	1230	2350	5	187
LMHM20	LMHM20-A	20		32		80	54	36	8	38	36	24	5.5	9.5	5.4	20	1400	2750	5	260
LMHM25	LMHM25-A	25	0 -0.012	40	- 0 -0.019	112	62	52	8	46	40	32	5.5	9.5	5.4	20	1560	3140	6	515
LMHM30		30_		45_	_	123	74	56.5	10	51	49	35 (	6.6	11	6.5	20	2940	5490	6	655

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50km.

In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

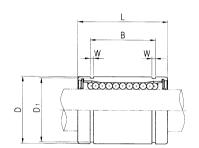
Ex) LM12's 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

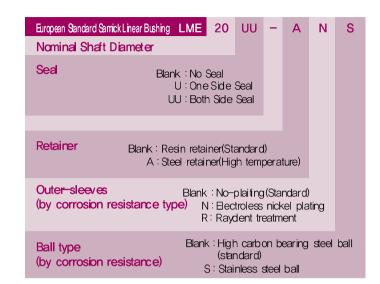
LM12's 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{\text{to}}$  = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer Note 3) Dimension : mm

European Standard

# LME CLOSED LINEAR BUSHING







PART N Resin	UMBER Steel	DIAMETER dr. TOLERANCE	D mm TOLERANCE	L	В	W	Dı	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)	RATING(N) STATIC(Co)	NO.OF BALL CROUIT	WEIGHT (gf)
LME5		5	12 0	22	14.5	1,1	11.5	200	260	4	12
LME8	LME8-A	8 +0.008	160.008	25	16.5	1.1	15.2	260	400	4	20
LME12	LME12-A	12_	22 _ 0	32	22.9	1.3	21	410	590	4	41
LME16	LME16-A	16 +0.009	26	36	24.9	1.3	24.9	770	1170	5	57
LME20	LME20-A	20	32	45	31.5	1.6	30.3	860	1370	5	91
LME25	LME25-A	25	400.011	58	44.1	1.85	37.5	980	1560	6	215
LME30		30	47_	68	52.1	1.85	44.5	1560	2740	6	325
LME40		40	62 0	80	60.6	2.15	59	2150	4010	6	705
LME50		50 +0.013 -0.002	75	100	77.6	2.65	72	3820	7930	6	1130
LME60		60_	90 -0.015	125	101.7	3.15	86.5	4700	9990	6	2220

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km.

In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

Ex) LM12's 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

LM12's 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{D0} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$ 

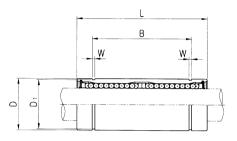
Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

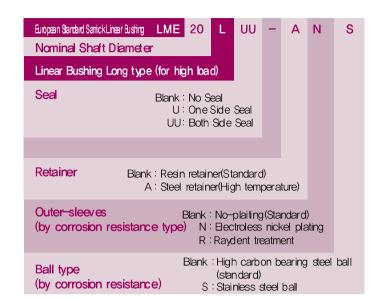
Note 3) Dimension: mm

# LME\_L LONG LNEAR BUSHING









PART NUMBER Resin Stee I	DIAMETER dr. TOLERANCE	D mm TOLERANCE	L	В	W	Dı	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)	RATING(N) STATIC(Co)	NO. OF BALL CIRCUIT	WEIGHT (gf)
LME8L LME8L-A	8 +0,009	16 0	45	33	1,1	15.2	430	780	4	31
LME12L LME12L-A	12	22 0	57	45.8	1.3	21	650	1200	4	80
LME16L LME16L-A	16 +0.011	26	70	49.8	1.3	24.9	1230	2350	5	145
LME20L LME20L-A	20	32	80	61	1.6	30.3	1400	2750	5	180
LME25L LME25L-A	25 +0.013	400013	112	82	1.85	38	1560	3140	6	440
LME30L	300.002	47	123	104.2	1.85	44.5	2490	5490	6	580
LME40L	40	62 0	154	121.2	2.15	59	3430	8040	6	1170
LME50L	50 <sup>+0.016</sup> -0.004	75	192	155.2	2.65	72	6080	15900	6	3100
LME60L	60_	90 -0.020	211	170	3.15	86.5	7650	20000	6	3500

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km.

In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

Ex) LM12 s 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

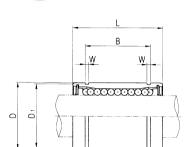
LM12 s 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{\text{D0}}$  = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40N

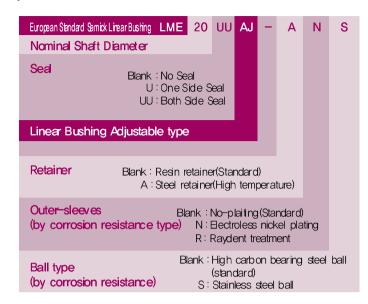
Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

# | LME\_AJ ADJUSTABLE LINEAR BUSHING |







PART NUMBER Resin Stee I	DIA METER dr. TOLERANO	D E mm TOLERANCE	L	В	W	Dı	h	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)	PRATING(N) STATIC(Co)	NO. OF BALL CROJIT	WEIGHT (gf)
LME5AJ	5	12 0	22	14.5	1.1	11.5	1	200	260	4	12
LME8AJ LME8AJ-	4 8 <del>+0.008</del>	16	25	16.5	1.1	15.2	1	260	400	4	20
LME12AJ LME12AJ-	<b>A</b> 12_	22 0	32	22.9	1.3	21	1.5	410	590	4	41
LME16AJ LME16AJ-	A 16	26	36	24.9	1.3	24.9	1.5	770	1170	5	57
LME20AJ LME20AJ-	-0.001	32	45	31.5	1.6	30.3	2	860	1370	5	91
LME25AJ LME25AJ-	·A 25	40 _0.011	58	44.1	1.85	37.5	2	980	1560	6	215
LME30AJ	300.001	47	68	52.1	1.85	44.5	2	1560	2740	6	325
LME40AJ	40	62 0	80	60.6	2.15	59	3	2150	4010	6	705
LME50AJ	50 +0.013 -0.002	75	100	77.6	2.65	72	3	3820	7930	6	1130
LME60AJ	60_	90 0	125	101.7	3.15	86.5	3	4700	9990	6	2220

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km.

In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

Ex) LM12's 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

LM12's 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{D0} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$ 

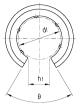
Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

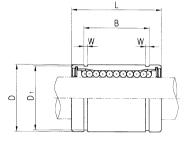
Note 3) Dimension: mm

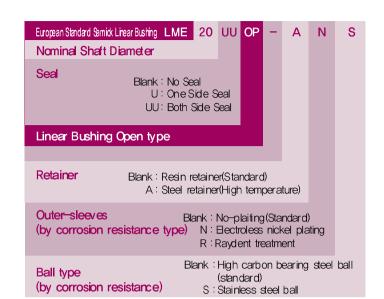
Note 4) Outer diameter is the obtained value before the slotting process.

### | LME\_OP OPEN LINEAR BUSHING |









PART NUMBER Resin Ste	DIAMETER dr. TOLERANCE	D mm TOLERANCE	L	В	W	Dı	h <sub>1</sub>	θ	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)	RATING(N) STATIC(Co)	NO. OF BALL CIRCUIT	WEIGHT (gf)
LME12OP	12 +0.008	22 0	32	22.9	1.3	21	7.5	78°	410	590	3	41
LME160P	16	26	36	24.9	1.3	24.9	10	78°	770	1170	4	57
LME20OP	20	32	45	31.5	1.6	30.3	10	60°	860	1370	4	91
LME25OP	25	40 -0.011	58	44.1	1.85	37.5	12.5	60°	980	1560	5	215
LME30OP	300.001	47 _	68	52.1	1.85	44.5	12.5	50°	1560	2740	5	325
LME40OP	40	62	80	60.6	2,15	59	16.8	50°	2150	4010	5	705
LME50OP	50+0.013	75 <sup>-0.013</sup>	100	77.6	2.65	72	21	50°	3820	7930	5	1130
LME60OP	60 _	90 0	125	101.7	3.15	86.5	27.2	54°	4700	9990	5	2220

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km.

In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

Ex) LM12 s 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

LM12 s 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{00}$  = 410 / 1,26 = 325,40N

Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

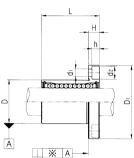
Note 4) Outer diameter is the obtained value before the slotting process.

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# LMEF FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING







PART N <b>Resin</b>	UMBER Stee I	DIAMETER dr. TOLERANCE	D mm TOLERANCE	L	Dı	н	PCD	d1	<b>d</b> <sub>2</sub>	h <sup>s</sup>	SQUARENESS ※(μm)	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)	RATING(N) STATIC(Co)	NO. OF BALL CROUIT	WEIGHT (gf)
LMEF8	LMEF8-A	8-0.008	16 -0.008	25	32	5	24	3.4	6.5	3.3	12	260	400	4	44
LMEF12	LMEF12-A	12	22	32	42	6	32	4.5	8	4.4	12	410	590	4	86
LMEF16	LMEF16-A	16 +0.009	26	36	46	6	36	4.5	8	4.4	12	770	1170	5	120
LMEF20	LMEF20-A	20	32	45	54	8	43	5.5	9.5	5.4	15	860	1370	5	184
LMEF25	LMEF25-A	25	40 -0.011	58	62	8	51	5.5	9.5	5.4	15	980	1560	6	335
LMEF30		300.001	47	68	76	10	62	6.6	11	6.5	15	1560	2740	6	545
LMEF40		40	62	80	98	13	80	9	14	8.6	20	2150	4010	6	1185
LMEF50		50 +0.013 -0.002	750.013	100	112	13	94	9	14	8.6	20	3820	7930	6	1730
LMEF60		60	90 0	125	134	18	112	11	17.5	10.8	25	4700	9990	6	3180

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50km.

In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

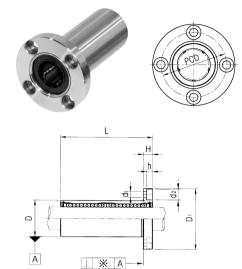
Ex) LM12's 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

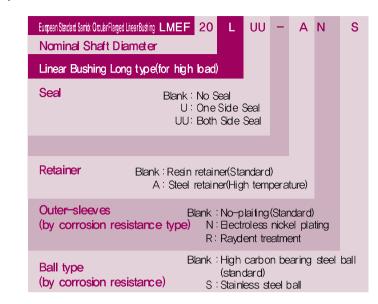
LM12's 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{D0} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$ 

Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

# | LMEF\_L FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING |





PART N	UMBER Steel	DIAMETER dr. TOLERANCE	D mm TOLERANCE	L	Dı	н	PCD	dı	d <sub>2</sub>	h <sup>s</sup>	SQUARENESS ※(μm)	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)	RATING(N) STATIC(Co)	NO. OF BALL CIRCUIT	WEIGHT (gf)
LMEF8L	LMEF8L-A	8 +0.009	16 0	45	32	5	24	3.4	6.5	3.3	15	430	780	4	53
LMEF12L	LMEF12L-A	12	22 _ 0	57	42	6	32	4.5	8	4.4	15	650	1200	4	100
LMEF16L	LMEF16L-A	16	26	70	46	6	36	4.5	8	4.4	15	1230	2350	5	187
LMEF20L	LMEF20L-A	20	32	80	54	8	43	5.5	9.5	5.4	17	1400	2750	5	260
LMEF25L	LMEF25L-A	25	40 -0.013	112	62	8	51	5.5	9.5	5.4	17	1560	3140	6	515
LMEF30L		30	47	123	76	10	62	6.6	11	6.5	17	2490	5490	6	655
LMEF40L		40	62 _ 0	154	98	13	80	9	14	8.6	20	3430	8040	6	1560
LMEF50L		50 +0.016 -0.004	75	192	112	13	94	9	14	8.6	20	6080	15900	6	3500
LMEF60L		60	90 0	211	134	18	112	11	17.5	10.8	25	7650	20000	6	4500

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50km.

In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26  $\,$ 

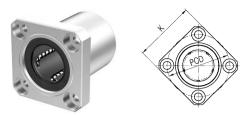
Ex) LM12 s 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

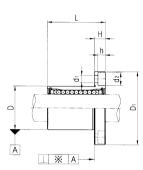
LM12 s 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{\text{D0}}$  = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40N

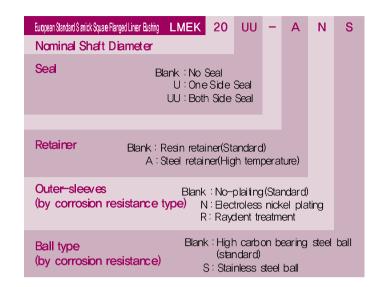
Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

# LMEK FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING







PART N <b>Resin</b>	UMBER Steel	DIAMETER dr. TOLERANCE	D mm TOLERANCE	L D	н	PCD	K	d۱	d <sub>2</sub>	h	SQUARENESS ※(μm)	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)	RATING(N) STATIC(Co)	NO. OF BALL CIRCUIT	WEIGHT (gf)
LMEK8	LMEK8-A	8 +0.008	16 0	25 32	5	24	25	3.4	6.5	3.3	12	260	400	4	44
LMEK12	LMEK12-A	12	22 _ 0	32 42	6	32	32	4.5	8	4.4	12	410	590	4	86
LMEK16	LMEK16-A	16	26	36 46	6	36	35	4.5	8	4.4	12	770	1170	5	120
LMEK20	LMEK20-A	20	32	45 54	8	43	42	5.5	9.5	5.4	15	860	1370	5	184
LMEK25	LMEK25-A	25	40 -0.011	58 62	8	51	50	5.5	9.5	5.4	15	980	1560	6	335
LMEK30		30	47	68 76	10	62	60	6.6	11	6.5	15	1560	2740	6	545
LMEK40		40	62 _ 0	80 98	13	80	75	9	14	8.6	20	2150	4010	6	1185
LMEK50		50 +0.013 -0.002	750.013	100 112	13	94	88	9	14	8.6	20	3820	7930	6	1730
LMEK60		60_	90 0	125134	18	112	106	11	17.5	10.8	25	4700	9990	6	3180

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km. In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

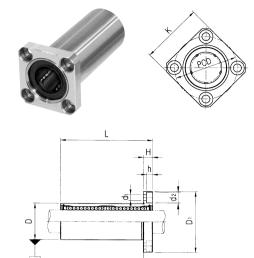
Ex) LM12's 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

LM12's 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{\infty0} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$ 

Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

# | LMEK\_L FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING LONG |





PART N <b>Resin</b>	UMBER Steel	DIAMETER dr. TOLERANCE	D mm TOLERANCE	L	Dı	н	PCD	K	d۱	d₂	h	SQUARENESS ※(µm)	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)	RATING(N) STATIC(Co)	NO. OF BALL CIRCUIT	WEIGHT (gf)
LMEK8L	LMEK8L-A	8 +0,009	16 0	45	32	5	24	25	3.4	6.5	3.3	15	430	780	4	53
LMEK12L	LMEK12L-A	12	22	57	42	6	32	32	4.5	8	4.4	15	650	1200	4	100
LMEK16L	LMEK16L-A	16 +0.011	26	70	46	6	36	35	4.5	8	4.4	15	1230	2350	5	187
LMEK20L	LMEK20L-A	20	32	80	54	8	43	42	5.5	9.5	5.4	17	1400	2750	5	260
LMEK25L	LMEK25L-A	25 +0.013	40 -0.013	112	62	8	51	50	5.5	9.5	5.4	17	1560	3140	6	515
LMEK30L		30	47	123	76	10	62	60	6.6	11	6.5	17	2490	5490	6	655
LMEK40L		40	62	154	98	13	80	75	9	14	8.6	20	3430	8040	6	1560
LMEK50L		50 +0.016 -0.004	750.015	192	112	13	94	88	9	14	8.6	20	6080	15900	6	3500
LMEK60L		60 _	90 _0.020	211	134	18	112	106	11	17.5	10.8	25	7650	20000	6	4500

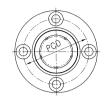
Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50km, In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26 Ex) LM12 s 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 NLM12 s 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{00}$  = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40N Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

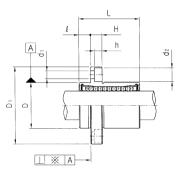
Note 3) Dimension: mm

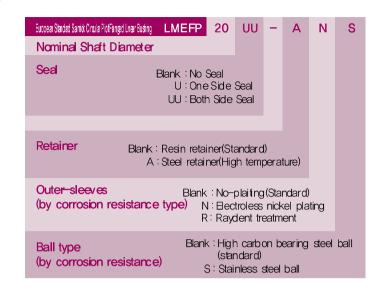
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### | LMEFP FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING









PART N <b>Resin</b>	UMBER Stee I	DIAMETER dr. TOLERANCE	D mm TOLERANO	L	Dı	Q	н	PCD	d₁	d₂	h <sup>s</sup>	SQUARENESS ※(µm)	BASIC LOA DYNAMIC(C)	DRATING(N) STATIC(Co)	NO. OF BALL CROUIT	WEIGHT (gf)
LMEFP8	LMEFP8-A	8 +0.008	16 0	25	32	5	5	24	3.4	6.5	3.3	12	260	400	4	44
LMEFP12	LMEFP12-A	12 0	22 _ 0	32	42	6	6	32	4.5	8	4.4	12	410	590	4	86
LMEFP16	LMEFP16-A	16 +0.009	26	36	46	6	6	36	4.5	8	4.4	12	770	1170	5	120
LMEFP20	LMEFP20-A	20	32	45	54	8	8	43	5.5	9.5	5.4	15	860	1370	5	184
LMEFP25	LMEFP25-A	25 +0,011	400.011	58	62	8	8	51	5.5	9.5	5.4	15	980	1560	6	335
LMEFP30		30	47_	68	76	10	10	62	6.6	11	6.5	15	1560	2740	6	545
LMEFP40		40	62 _ 0	80	98	13	13	80	9	14	8.6	20	2150	4010	6	1185
LMEFP50		50 +0.013 -0.002	750.013	100	112	13	13	94	9	14	8.6	20	3820	7930	6	1730
LMEFP60		60_	90 0	125	134	18	18	112	11	17.5	10.8	25	4700	9990	6	3180

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50km.

In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

Ex) LM12's 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

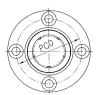
LM12's 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{100} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$ 

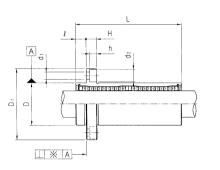
Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

# | LMEFP\_L FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING LONG |







Europem Sendard Smick Cicolar Plat Ranged Liner Busing LMEFP 20 L UU — A N S Nominal Shaft Diameter Linear Bushing Long type(for high load) Blank: No Seal U: One Side Seal UU: Both Side Seal Retainer Blank: Resin retainer(Standard) A: Steel retainer(High temperature) Outer-sleeves Blank: No-plaiting (Standard) (by corrosion resistance type) N: Electroless nickel plating R: Raydent treatment Blank: High carbon bearing steel ball Ball type (standard) (by corrosion resistance) S : Stainless steel ball

PART NUMBER DIAMETER D

dr. TOLERANCE mm TOLERANCE L Dr Q H PCD dr d2 h SQUARENESS BASIC LOAD RATING(N) NO. 0F WEIGHT

dr. TOLERANCE mm TOLERANCE ) BALL CROUIT (gf) LMEFP8L LMEFP8L-A 8 16 <sub>-0.009</sub> 45 32 5 5 24 3.4 6.5 3.3 LMEFP12L LMEFP12L-A 12 22 \_ 57 42 6 6 32 4.5 8 4.4 15 650 100 LMEFP16L LMEFP16L-A 16 70 46 6 6 36 4.5 8 4.4 15 1400 2750 80 54 8 8 43 5.5 9.5 5.4 17 260 LMEFP25L LMEFP25L-A 25 515 LMEFP30L 123 76 10 10 62 6.6 11 6.5 17 2490 5490 154 98 13 13 80 9 14 8.6 20 LMEFP40L 1560 50 +0.016 75 -0.004 75 -0.015 192 112 13 13 94 9 14 8.6 20 LMEFP50L 90 0 0 211 134 18 18 112 11 17.5 10.8 25 LMEFP60L 7650 20000 4500

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km.

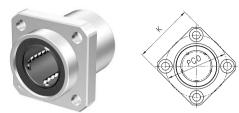
In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

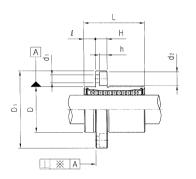
Ex) LM12 s 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 NLM12 s 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{00} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$ 

Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

# | LMEKP FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING |







PART N Resin	UMBER Steel	DIAMETER dr.TOLERANCE	D mm TOLERANO	<sub>E</sub> L	Dı Q	Н	PCD	K	d <sub>1</sub>	d₂	h <sup>so</sup>	QUARENESS **(um)	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)	RATING(N) STATIC(Co)	NO. OF BALL CROUI	WEIGHT T (gf)
LMEKP8	LMEKP8-A	8 +0.008	16 0	25	32 5	5	24	25	3.4	6.5	3.3	12	260	400	4	44
LMEKP12	LMEKP12-A	12	22	32	42 6	6	32	32	4.5	8	4.4	12	410	590	4	86
LMEKP16	LMEKP16-A	16 +0.009	26	36	46 6	6	36	35	4.5	8	4.4	12	770	1170	5	120
LMEKP20	LMEKP20-A	20	32	45	54 8	8	43	42	5.5	9.5	5.4	15	860	1370	5	184
LMEKP25	LMEKP25-A	25	40 -0.011	58	62 8	8	51	50	5.5	9.5	5.4	15	980	1560	6	335
LMEKP30		30	47	68	76 10	10	62	60	6.6	11	6.5	15	1560	2740	6	545
LMEKP40		40	62	80	98 13	13	80	75	9	14	8.6	20	2150	4010	6	1185
LMEKP50		50 +0.013 -0.002	750.013	100	112 13	13	94	88	9	14	8.6	20	3820	7930	6	1730
LMEKP60		60_	90 0	125	134 18	18	112	106	11	17.5	10.8	25	4700	9990	6	3180

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km. In case of 100 km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

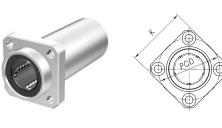
Ex) LM12's 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

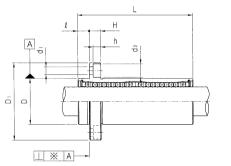
LM12's 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{00} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$ 

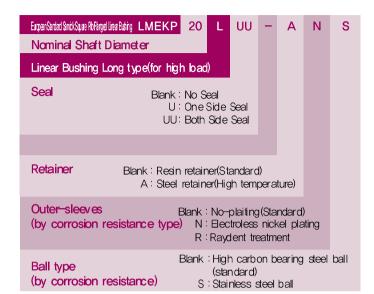
Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

# LMEKP\_L FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING LONG







PART NUMB <b>Resin</b>	Stee I	DIAMETER dr. TOLERANCE	D mm TOLERANO	<sub>E</sub> L	Dı Q	ιн	PCD	K	dı	d <sub>2</sub>	h <sup>s</sup>	QUARENESS ※(um)	B ASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)	D RATING(N) STATIC(Co)	NO. OF BALL CROJIT	WEIGHT (gf)
LMEKP8L LI	MEKP8L-A	8 +0.009	16 _0.009	45 3	32 5	5 5	24	25	3.4	6.5	3.3	15	430	780	4	53
LMEKP12L LM	IEKP12L-A	12	22	57 4	42 6	6	32	32	4.5	8	4.4	15	650	1200	4	100
LMEKP16L LM	/IEKP16L-A	16 +0.011	26	70 4	46 6	6	36	35	4.5	8	4.4	15	1230	2350	5	187
LMEKP20L LM	MEKP20L-A	20	32	80 5	54 8	3 8	43	42	5.5	9.5	5.4	17	1400	2750	5	260
LMEKP25L LM	MEKP25L-A	25	40 -0.013	112 6	62 8	8 8	51	50	5.5	9.5	5.4	17	1560	3140	6	515
LMEKP30L		30	47_	123	76 10	0 10	62	60	6.6	11	6.5	17	2490	5490	6	655
LMEKP40L		40	62	154 9	98 10	3 13	80	75	9	14	8.6	20	3430	8040	6	1560
LMEKP50L		50 +0.016 -0.004	750.015	192 1	12 13	3 13	94	88	9	14	8.6	20	6080	15900	6	3500
LMEKP60L		60	90 _0.020	211 1	34 18	8 18	112	106	11	17.5	10.8	25	7650	20000	6	4500

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km. In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26 Ex) LM12 s 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N LM12 s 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{\text{to}} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$ 

Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

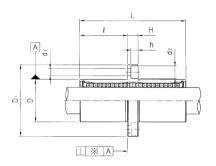
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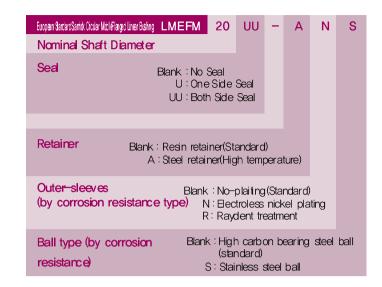
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### LMEFM FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING LONG









PART N <b>Resin</b>	UMBER Stee I	DIAMETER dr. TOLERANCE	D mm TOLERANCE	L	D <sub>1</sub>	Q	н	PCD	d <sub>1</sub>	d <sub>2</sub> h	SQUARENESS **(µm)	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)		NO. OF BALL CIRCUIT	WEIGHT T (gf)
LMEFM8	LMEFM8-A	8 +0.009	16 0	45	32	20	5	24	3.4	6.53.	3 15	430	780	4	53
LMEFM12	LMEFM12-A	12	22	57	42	25.5	6	32	4.5	8 4.	4 15	650	1200	4	100
LMEFM16	LMEFM16-A	16 +0.011	260.011	70	46	32	6	36	4.5	8 4.	4 15	1230	2350	5	187
LMEFM20	LMEFM20-A	20	32	80	54	36	8	43	5.5	9.55.	4 17	1400	2750	5	260
LMEFM25	LMEFM25-A	25 +0.013	40 -0.013	112	62	52	8	51	5.5	9.55.	4 17	1560	3140	6	515
LMEFM30		30	47 _	123	76	56.5	10	62	6.6	11 6.	5 17	2400	5490	6	655
LMEFM40		40	62	154	98	70.5	13	80	9	14 8.	6 20	3430	8040	6	1560
LMEFM50		50 +0.016 -0.004	750.015	192	112	89.5	13	94	9	14 8.	6 20	6080	15900	6	3500
LMEFM60		60_	90 _0.020	211	134	96.5	18	112	11	17.510	.8 25	7650	20000	6	4500

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km. In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

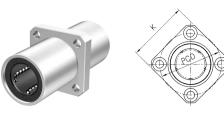
Ex) LM12's 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

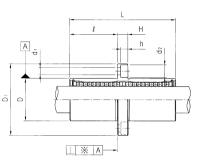
LM12's 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{\text{100}} = 410$  / 1.26 = 325.40N

Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

# LMEKM FLANGED LINEAR BUSHING LONG





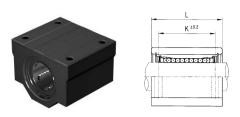
European Standard Sanida Space Mildelflanged Linear Bushing LMEKM 20 UU — A N S Nominal Shaft Diameter Seal Blank: No Seal U: One Side Seal UU: Both Side Seal Retainer Blank: Resin retainer(Standard) A: Steel retainer(High temperature) Outer-sleeves Blank: No-plaiting (Standard) (by corrosion resistance type) N: Electroless nickel plating R: Raydent treatment Blank: High carbon bearing steel ball Ball type (standard) (by corrosion resistance) S : Stainless steel ball

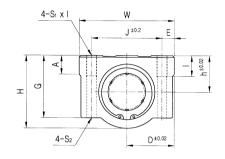
PART <b>Resin</b>	NUMBER Stee I	DIAMETER dr. TOLERANC	D E mm TOLERANCE	L	Dı	Q	н	PCD	K	dı	d₂	h <sup>s</sup>	QUARENES ※(μm)	SS BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)		NO. OF BALL CIRCU	WEIGHT
LMEKM8	LMEKM8-A	8 +0.009 -0.001	16 _0.009	45	32	20	5	24	25	3.4	6.5	3.3	15	430	780	4	53
LMEKM12	LMEKM12-A	12	22	57	42	25.5	6	32	32	4.5	8	4.4	15	650	1200	4	100
LMEKM16	LMEKM16-A	16 +0.011	26	70	46	32	6	36	35	<b>4.</b> 5	8	4.4	15	1230	2350	5	187
LMEKM20	LMEKM20-A	20	32	80	54	36	8	43	42	5.5	9.5	5.4	17	1400	2750	5	260
LMEKM25	LMEKM25-A	25 +0.013	40 -0.013	112	62	52	8	51	50	5.5	9.5	5.4	17	1560	3140	6	515
LMEKM30		30	47_	123	76	56.5	10	62	60	6.6	11	6.5	17	2490	5490	6	655
LMEKM40		40	62	154	98	70.5	13	80	75	9	14	8.6	20	3430	8040	6	1560
LMEKM50		50 +0.016 -0.004	750.015	192	112	89.5	13	94	88	9	14	8.6	20	6080	15900	6	3500
LMEKM60		60_	90 _0020	211	134	96.5	18	112	106	11	17.5	10.8	25	7650	20000	6	4500

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km. In case of 100 km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26 Ex) LM12 s 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N LM12 s 100 km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{\nu\rho} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$  Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer Note 3) Dimension: mm

Aluminum Case Unit

# SC ALUMINUM CASE UNIT





Aluminum Case U	nit ·	SC 20	UU	N	-	Α	S
Nominal Shaft Dia	meter						
Seal		No Seal One Side Both Side					
New type							
Retainer	Blank : Resin A : Steel			,	ure)		
Ball type (by corrosion resis			gh carb andard ainless	)	J	steel	ball

PART NUMBER	L/B	h	D	W	Н	G	Α	J	E	S1×Q	<b>S</b> <sub>2</sub>	K	L	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)	RATING(N) STATIC(Co)	WEIGHT (gf)
SC8-B	LM8UU	11	17	34	22	18	6	24	5	M4×8	ФЗ.4	18	30	260	400	56
SC10-B	LM10UU	13	20	40	26	21	8	28	6	M5×10	Ф4.3	21	35	370	540	90
SC12-B	LM12UU	15	22	44	30	24.5	8	33	5.5	M5×10	Ф4.3	26	39	410	590	112
SC12N-B	LM12UU	15	21	42	28	24	7.4	30.5	5.5	M5×12	Ф4.3	26	36	410	590	112
SC13-B	LM13UU	15	22	44	30	24.5	8	33	5.5	M5×10	Ф4.3	26	39	500	770	123
SC16-B	LM16UU	19	25	50	38.5	32.5	9	36	7	M5×12	Ф4.3	34	44	770	1170	189
SC20-B	LM20UU	21	27	54	41	35	11	40	7	M6×12	Ф5.2	40	50	860	1370	237
SC25-B	LM25UU	26	38	76	51.5	41	12	54	11	M8×18	Ф6.8	50	67	980	1560	555
SC30-B	LM30UU	30	39	78	59.5	49	15	58	10	M8×18	Ф6.8	58	72	1560	2740	685
SC35-B	LM35UU	34	45	90	68	54	18	70	10	M8×18	Ф6.8	60	80	1660	3130	1100
SC40-B	LM40UU	40	51	102	78	62	20	80	11	M10×25	Ф8.6	60	90	2150	4010	1600
SC50-B	LM50UU	52	61	122	102	80	24	100	11	M10×25	Ф8.6	80	110	3820	7930	3350

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km.

In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

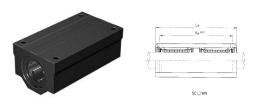
Ex) LM12's 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

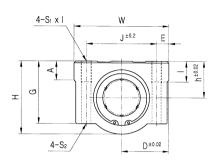
LM12's 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{00} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$ 

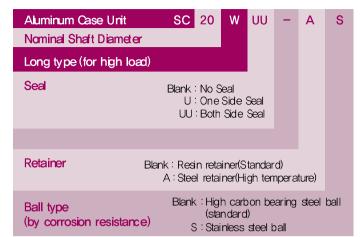
Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

# SCW ALUMINUM CASE UNIT LONG







PART NUMBER	L/B	h	D	W	Н	G	Α	J	Е	$S_1 \times Q$	S <sub>2</sub>	Kw	Lw	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIO(C)	) RATING(N) STATIC(Co)	WEIGHT (gf)
SC8W-B	LM8U	11	17	34	22	18	6	24	5	M4×8	Ф3.4	42	58	410	800	94
SC10W-B	LM10U	13	20	40	26	21	8	28	6	M5×10	Ф4.3	46	68	590	1080	147
SC12W-B	LM12U	15	22	44	30	24.5	8	33	5.5	M5×10	Ф4.3	64	77	650	1180	220
SC13W-B	LM13U	15	22	44	30	24.5	8	33	5.5	M5×10	Ф4.3	64	77	800	1540	245
SC16W-B	LM16U	19	25	50	38.5	32.5	9	36	7	M5×12	Ф4.3	79	89	1230	2340	376
SC20W-B	LM20U	21	27	54	41	35	11	40	7	M6×12	Ф5.2	90	100	1370	2470	476
SC25W-B	LM25U	26	38	76	51.5	41	12	54	11	M8×18	Ф6.8	119	136	1560	3120	1115
SC30W-B	LM30U	30	39	78	59.5	49	15	58	10	M8×18	Ф6.8	132	146	2490	5480	1375
SC35W-B	LM35U	34	45	90	68	54	18	70	10	M8×18	Ф6.8	140	160	2650	6260	2200
SC40W-B	LM40U	40	51	102	78	62	20	80	11	M10×25	Ф8.6	150	180	3440	8020	3200
SC50W-B	LM50U	52	61	122	102	80	24	100	11	M10×25	Ф8.6	200	230	6110	15860	6720

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km.

In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26  $\,$ 

Ex) LM12 s 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

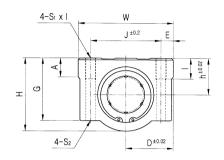
LM12 s 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{\text{D0}}$  = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40N

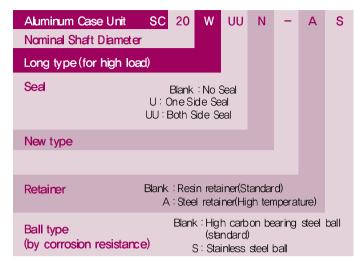
Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

# SCW\_N ALUMINUM CASE UNIT LONG







PART NUMBER	L/B	h	D	W	н	G	Α	J	E	S1×Q	S <sub>2</sub>	Kw	Lw	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)	RATING(N) STATIC(Co)	WEIGHT (gf)
SC8WN-B	LM8U×2	11	17	34	22	18	6	24	5	M4×8	Ф3.4	42	58	410	800	94
SC10WN-B	LM10U×2	13	20	40	26	21	8	28	6	M5×12	Ф4.3	46	68	590	1080	147
SC12WN-B	LM12U×2	15	21	42	28	24	7.4	30.5	5.5	M5×12	Ф4.3	50	70	650	1180	220
SC13WN-B	LM13U×2	15	22	44	30	24.5	8	33	5.5	M5×12	Ф4.3	50	75	800	1540	245
SC16WN-B	LM16U×2	19	25	50	38.5	32.5	9	36	7	M5×12	Ф4.3	60	85	1230	2340	376
SC20WN-B	LM20U×2	21	27	54	41	35	11	40	7	M6×12	Ф5.2	70	96	1370	2470	476
SC25WN-B	LM25U×2	26	38	76	51.5	41	12	54	11	M8×18	Ф6.8	100	130	1560	3120	1115
SC30WN-B	LM30U×2	30	39	78	59.5	49	15	58	10	M8×18	Ф6.8	110	140	2490	5480	1375
SC35WN-B	LM35U×2	34	45	90	68	54	18	70	10	M8×18	Ф6.8	120	155	2650	6260	2200
SC40WN-B	LM40U×2	40	51	102	78	62	20	80	11	M10×25	Ф8.6	140	175	3440	8020	3200
SC50WN-B	LM50U×2	52	61	122	102	80	24	100	11	M10×25	Ф8.6	160	215	6110	15860	6720

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km.

In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

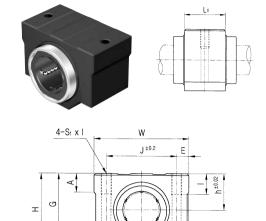
Ex) LM12's 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

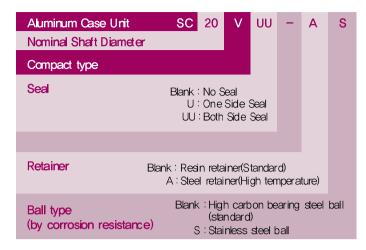
LM12's 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{\infty0} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$ 

Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

# SCV ALUMINUM CASE UNIT





PART NUMBER	L/B	h	D	W	Н	G	Α	J	Е	Sı×Q	S <sub>2</sub>	Lv	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)	O RATING(N) STATIC(Co)	WEIGHT (gf)
SC8V-B	LM8UU	11	17	34	22	18	6	24	5	M4×8	Ф3.4	15.4	260	400	36
SC10V-B	LM10UU	13	20	40	26	21	8	28	6	M5×10	Ф4.3	19.5	370	540	63
SC12V-B	LM12UU	15	22	44	30	24.5	8	33	5.5	M5×10	Ф4.3	20.5	410	590	74
SC12VN-B	LM12UU	15	21	42	28	24	7.4	30.5	5.5	M5×12	Ф4.3	20.5	410	590	74
SC13V-B	LM13UU	15	22	44	30	24.5	8	33	5.5	M5×10	Ф4.3	20.5	500	770	85
SC16V-B	LM16UU	19	25	50	38.5	32.5	9	36	7	M5×12	Ф4.3	23.5	770	1170	132
SC20V-B	LM20UU	21	27	54	41	35	11	40	7	M6×12	Ф5.2	27.4	860	1370	170
SC25V-B	LM25UU	26	38	76	51.5	41	12	54	11	M8×18	Ф6.8	37.4	980	1560	405
SC30V-B	LM30UU	30	39	78	59.5	49	15	58	10	M8×18	Ф6.8	40.9	1560	2740	495
SC35V-B	LM35UU	34	45	90	68	54	18	70	10	M8×18	Ф6.8	45.4	1660	3130	790
SC40V-B	LM40UU	40	51	102	78	62	20	80	11	M10×25	Ф8.6	56.4	2150	4010	1220
SC50V-B	LM50UU	52	61	122	102	80	24	100	11	M10×25	Ф8.6	68.9	3820	7930	2300

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50km.

In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

Ex) LM12 s 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

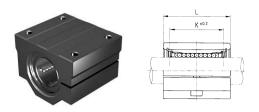
LM12 s 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{00}$  = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40N

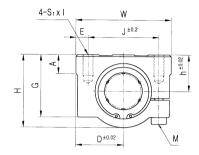
Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

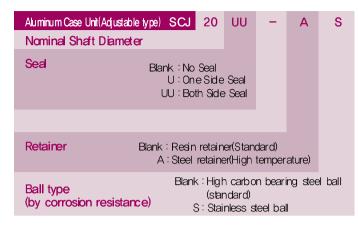
Note 3) Dimension: mm

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# SCJ ADJUSTABLE ALUMINUM CASE UNIT







PART NUMBER	L/B	h	D	W	Н	G	Α	J	E	S1×Q	K	L	М	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)	RATING(N) STATIC(Co)	OU TER DIAMETER	WEIGHT (gf)
SCJ10UU	LM10UUAJ	13	20	40	26	21	8	28	6	M5×12	21	35	M4	370	540	Ф10	90
SCJ12UU	LM12UUAJ	15	21	42	28	24	7.4	30.5	5.75	M5×12	26	36	M4	410	590	Ф12	112
SCJ13UU	LM13UUAJ	15	22	44	30	24.5	8	33	5.5	M5×12	26	39	M4	500	770	Ф13	123
SCJ16UU	LM16UUAJ	19	25	50	38.5	32.5	9	36	7	M5×12	34	44	M4	770	1170	Ф16	189
SCJ20UU	LM20UUAJ	21	27	54	41	35	11	40	7	M6×12	40	50	М5	860	1370	Ф20	237
SCJ25UU	LM25UUAJ	26	38	76	51.5	41	12	54	11	M8×18	50	67	М6	980	1560	Ф25	555
SCJ30UU	LM30UUAJ	30	39	78	59.5	49	15	58	10	M8×18	58	72	М6	1560	2740	Ф30	685
SCJ35UU	LM35UUAJ	34	45	90	68	54	18	70	10	M8×18	60	80	М6	1660	3130	Ф35	1100
SCJ40UU	LM40UUAJ	40	51	102	78	62	20	80	11	M10×25	60	90	М8	2150	4010	Ф40	1600
SCJ50UU	LM50UUAJ	52	61	122	102	80	24	100	11	M10×25	80	110	М8	3820	7930	Ф50	3350

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km.

In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

Ex) LM12's 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

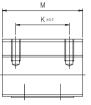
LM12's 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{\infty0} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$ 

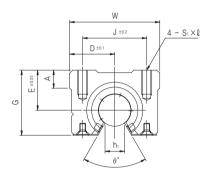
Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

### SBR ALUMINUM CASE UNIT OPEN







Aluminum Case Unit(Open type) SBR 20 UU -Nominal Shaft Diameter Seal Blank: No Seal U: One Side Seal UU: Both Side Seal Retainer Blank: Resin retainer(Standard) A: Steel retainer(High temperature) Blank: High carbon bearing steel ball (standard) Ball type (by corrosion resistance) S : Stainless steel ball

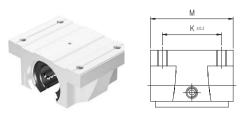
PART NUMBER	L/B	D	W	G	θ	Α	М	$S_1 \times Q$	hı	Е	J	K	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)	RATING(N) STATIC(Co)	WEIGHT (gf)
SBR16UU	LM16UUOP	22.5	45	33	80°	9	45	M5×12	11	20	32	30	770	1170	150
SBR20UU	LM20UUOP	24	48	39	60°	11	50	M6×12	11	23	35	35	860	1370	200
SBR25UU	LM25WOP	30	60	47	50°	14	65	M6×12	12	27	40	40	980	1560	450
SBR30UU	LM30UUOP	35	70	56	50°	15	70	M8×18	15	33	50	50	1560	2740	630
SBR35UU	LM35UUOP	40	80	63	50°	18	80	M8×18	17	37	55	55	1660	3130	920
SBR40UU	LM40UUOP	45	90	72	50°	20	90	M10×20	20	42	65	65	2150	4010	1330
SBR50UU	LM50UUOP	60	120	91	50°	25	110	M10×20	25	53	94	80	3820	7930	3000

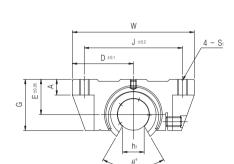
Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50km. In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26 Ex) LM12 s 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 NLM12 s 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{00}$  = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40N Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

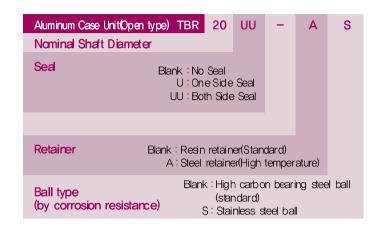
Note 3) Dimension: mm

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# TBR ALUMINUM CASE UNIT OPEN







PART NUMBER	L/B	D	W	G	θ	Α	М	S <sub>1</sub>	hı	E	J	K	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)	RATING(N) STATIC(Co)	WEIGHT (gf)
TBR16UU	LM16UUOP	31	62	26	80°	8	42	M5	11	18	50	30	392	490	180
TBR20UU	LM20UUOP	34	68	31	60°	10	51	М6	11	21	54	37	784	1176	300
TBR25UU	LM25UUOP	41	82	41	50°	12	65	М8	12	28	65	50	1568	2352	600
TBR30UU	LM30UUOP	45.5	91	48	50°	12	75	М8	15	34	75	60	1764	2940	900

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km. In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

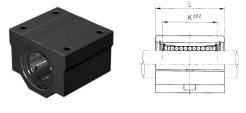
Ex) LM12's 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

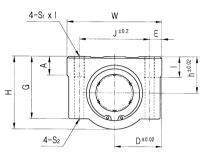
LM12's 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{\infty0} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$ 

Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

# SCE ALUMINUM CASE UNIT







SCE8-B         LME8UU         30         11         17         34         22         18         6         24         5         M4×8         Ф3.4         18         260         400         60           SCE12-B         LME12UU         39         15         22         44         30         24.5         8         33         5.5         M5×10         Ф4.3         26         410         590         118           SCE16-B         LME16UU         44         19         25         50         38.5         32.5         9         36         7         M5×12         Ф4.3         34         770         1170         180           SCE20-B         LME20UU         53         21         27         54         41         35         11         40         7         M6×12         Ф5.2         40         860         1370         245           SCE25-B         LME25UU         67         26         38         76         51.5         41         12         54         11         M8×18         Ф6.8         50         980         1560         550	PART NUMBER	L/B	L	h	D	W	Н	G	Α	J	Е	S1×l	<b>S</b> <sub>2</sub>	K	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)	RATING(N) STATIC(Co)	WEIGHT (gf)
SCE 16-B       LME16UU       44       19       25       50       38.5       32.5       9       36       7       M5×12       Ф4.3       34       770       1170       180         SCE20-B       LME20UU       53       21       27       54       41       35       11       40       7       M6×12       Ф5.2       40       860       1370       245	SCE8-B	LME8UU	30	11	17	34	22	18	6	24	5	M4×8	ФЗ.4	18	260	400	60
SCE20-B LME20UU 53 21 27 54 41 35 11 40 7 M6×12 Φ5,2 40 860 1370 245	SCE 12-E	LME12UU	39	15	22	44	30	24.5	8	33	5.5	M5×10	Ф4.3	26	410	590	118
	SCE16-B	LME16UU	44	19	25	50	38.5	32.5	9	36	7	M5×12	Ф4.3	34	770	1170	180
SCE25-B LME25UU 67 26 38 76 51.5 41 12 54 11 M8×18 Φ6.8 50 980 1560 550	SCE20-E	LME20UU	53	21	27	54	41	35	11	40	7	M6×12	Ф5.2	40	860	1370	245
	SCE25-E	LME25UU	67	26	38	76	51.5	41	12	54	11	M8×18	Ф6.8	50	980	1560	550
SCE30-B LME30UU 76 30 39 78 59.5 49 15 58 10 M8×18 Φ6.8 58 1560 2740 760	SCE30-E	LME30UU	76	30	39	78	59.5	49	15	58	10	M8×18	Ф6.8	58	1560	2740	760
SCE 40-B LME40UU 90 40 51 102 78 62 20 80 11 M10×25 Φ8.6 60 2150 4010 1700	SCE 40-E	LME40UU	90	40	51	102	78	62	20	80	11	M10×25	Ф8.6	60	2150	4010	1700
SCE50-B LME50UU 110 52 61 122 102 80 24 100 11 M10×25 Φ8.6 80 3820 7930 2950	SCE 50-E	LME50UU	110	52	61	122	102	80	24	100	11	M10×25	Ф8.6	80	3820	7930	2950

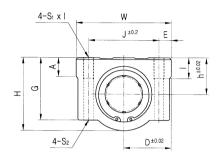
Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50km. In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26 Ex) LM12 s 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 NLM12 s 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{00}$  = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40N Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

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# | SCE\_W ALUMINUM CASE UNIT LONG |







PART NUMBER	L/B	h	D	W	Н	G	Α	J	Е	$S_1 \times Q$	S	Kw	Lw	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)	PRATING(N) STATIC(Co)	WEIGHT (gf)
SCE8W-B	LME8U×2	11	17	34	22	18	6	24	5	M4×8	ФЗ.4	42	58	410	800	98
SCE12W-B	LME12U×2	15	22	44	30	24.5	8	33	5.5	M5×10	Ф4.3	64	77	650	1180	232
SCE16W-B	LME16U×2	19	25	50	38.5	32.5	9	36	7	M5×12	Ф4.3	79	89	1230	2340	360
SCE20W-B	LME20U×2	21	27	54	41	35	11	40	7	M6×12	Ф5.2	90	106	1370	2740	490
SCE25W-B	LME25U×2	26	38	76	51.5	41	12	54	11	M8×18	Ф6.8	119	136	1560	3120	1100
SCE30W-B	LME30U×2	30	39	78	59.5	49	15	58	10	M8×18	Ф6.8	132	154	2490	5480	1525
SCE40W-B	LME40U×2	40	51	102	78	62	20	80	11	M10×25	Ф8.6	150	180	3440	8020	3400
SCE50W-B	LME50U×2	52	61	122	102	80	24	100	11	M10×25	Ф8.6	200	230	6110	15860	5920

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50 km. In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26

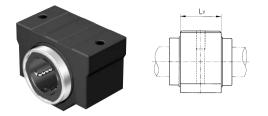
Ex) LM12's 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 N

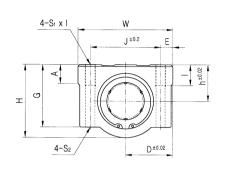
LM12's 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{\infty0} = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40 N$ 

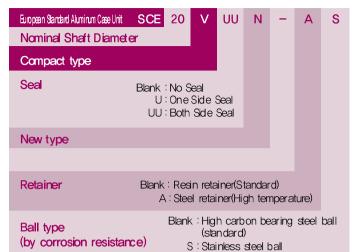
Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

# SCE\_V ALUMINUM CASE UNIT







PART NUMBER	L/B	h	D	W	н	G	Α	J	E	S1×Q	<b>S</b> <sub>2</sub>	Lv	BASIC LOAD DYNAMIC(C)	PRATING(N) STATIC(Co)	WEIGHT (gf)
SCE8V-B	LME8UU	11	17	34	22	18	6	24	5	M4×8	ФЗ.4	14.4	260	400	40
SCE12V-B	LME12UU	15	22	44	30	24.5	8	33	5.5	M5×10	Ф4.3	20.3	410	590	82
SCE16V-B	LME16UU	19	25	50	38.5	32.5	9	36	7	M5×12	Ф4.3	22.3	770	1170	122
SCE20V-B	LME20UU	21	27	54	41	35	11	40	7	M6×12	Ф5.2	28.3	860	1370	176
SCE25V-B	LME25UU	26	38	76	51.5	41	12	54	11	M8×18	Ф6.8	40.4	980	1560	400
SCE30V-B	LME30UU	30	39	78	59.5	49	15	58	10	M8×18	Ф6.8	48.4	1560	2740	570
SCE40V-B	LME40UU	40	51	102	78	62	20	80	11	M10×25	Ф8.6	56.4	2150	4010	1320
SCE50V-B	LME50UU	52	61	122	102	80	24	100	11	M10×25	Ф8.6	72,3	3820	7930	1900

Note 1) Dynamic load rating is based on the nominal life of 50km. In case of 100km, C on the table need to be divided by 1.26 Ex) LM12 s 50 km basis dynamic load rating C = 410 NLM12 s 100km basis dynamic load rating  $C_{00}$  = 410 / 1.26 = 325.40N Note 2) Based on the weight of resin retainer

Note 3) Dimension: mm

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Shaft and Supports

# **::** SAMICK Support Rail Unit

SAMICK Support Rail Unit is assembled of Support Rail, LM Shaft, and Open type Linear Bushing Case. All components are standardized for providing interchangeability, and less cost and designing time.



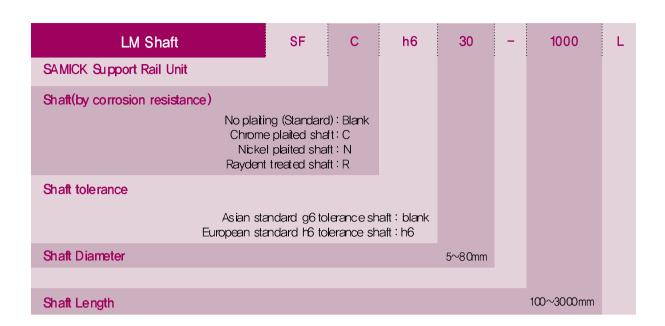


# **SAMICK LM Shaft**

SAMICK supply precision LM shaft for SAMICK Linear Bushing. The hardness, surface finishing, and tolerance of shaft must be considered for choosing the proper shaft because the balls are running directly on the shaft surface. Shaft dimensions are as follows

- Material: High carbon chromium bearing sted

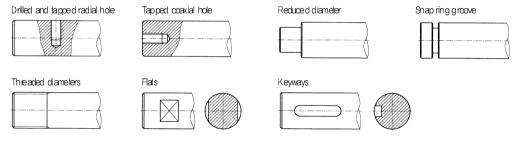
- Hardness:  $H_RC58 \sim 64$ - Hardened depth:  $0.8 \sim 2.5$ mm - Surface finishing:  $0.8S \sim 1.6S$ - Straightness: 0.05mm / 300mm



#### Shaft Special Machining

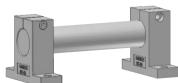
SAMICK also supply specially machined shaft as shown in the below figure. The drilled and tapped holes on LM shaft for mounting on the Support Rail are also available.

#### (Example of machining)



# **::** SAMICK Shaft Support

Support for Shaft ends, SAMICK Shaft Support is made of aluminum with compact design, and able to fix the LM shaft by tightening bolt at the axial direction slot,

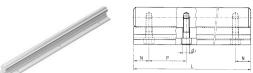


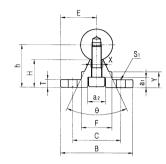
Shaft Support	SK	20
SAMICK Shaft Support (Aluminum)		
LM Shaft diameter		6~40mm

•• The Principle of Linear System Linear Bushing

By SAMICK the Linear Instinct 94 95

# SBS SUPPORT RAIL UNT







PART NJ MBER	Shaft Outer diameter	E	h	В	Н	т	F	Х	Υ	С	Θ	S <sub>1</sub>	аı	a₂	d۱	WEIGHT (kgf/m)
SBS16	16	20	25	40	17.79	5	18.5	8	11.7	30	80	5.5	6	9.5	5.5	2.56
SBS20	20	22.5	27	45	17.72	5	19	8	10	30	50	5.5	6.5	11	6.6	3,50
SBS25	25	27.5	33	55	21.13	6	21.5	8	12	35	50	6.6	6.5	11	6.6	5.30
SBS30	30	30	37	60	22.85	7	26.5	10.3	13	40	50	6.6	8.5	14	9	7.38
SBS35	35	32.5	43	65	26.62	8	28	13	15.5	45	50	9	8.5	14	9	9.68
SBS40	40	37.5	48	75	29.43	9	38	16	17	55	50	9	8.5	14	9	12.69
SBS45	45	47.5	62	95	38.79	11	45	20	21	70	50	11	12.5	19	11	20.46

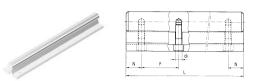
PART NUMB	ER (mm)	Р	500	600	800	10 00	1200	1400	N ×NH <b>1600</b>	1800	2000	2200 2400	2600	3000
SBS16	3000	150	25× 3	75×3	100×4	50×6	75×7	25×9	50×10	75×11	25×13	50×14 75×15	25×17	75×19
SBS20	3000	150	25× 3	75×3	100×4	50×6	75×7	25×9	50×10	75×11	25×13	50×1475×15	25×17	75×19
SBS25	3000	200	50×2	100×2	100×3	100×4	100×5	100×6	100×7	75×11	25×13	50×14 75×15	25×17	75×19
SBS30	3000	200	50×2	100×2	100×3	100×4	100×5	100×6	100×7	75×11	25×13	50×1475×15	25×17	75×19
SBS35	3000	200	50×2	100×2	100×3	100×4	100×5	100×6	100×7	75×11	25×13	50×14 75×15	25×17	75×19
SBS40	3000	200	50×2	100×2	100×3	100×4	100×5	100×6	100×7	75×11	25×13	50×1475×15	25×17	75×19
SBS50	3000	200	50×2	100×2	100×3	100×4	100×5	100×6	100×7	75×11	25×13	50×14 75×15	25×17	75×19

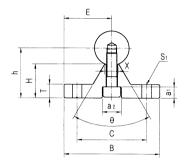
Note 1) N values can vary depending on length of Shaft.

Note 2) NH (Number of Holes): the number of mounting hole according to pitch value.

Note 3) P & N value must specified when orders.

# TBS SUPPORT RAIL UNIT





SUPPORT RAIL UNIT	TBS	С	h6	30	_	1000	L
Туре							
Support Rail Unit for TBR	: TBS						
Shaft(by corrosion resista No paiting (Stand Chrome plaited s Nickel plaited s Raydent treated s	ard):B shaft:C shaft:N						
Shaft tolerance Asian standard g6 tolerar European standard h6 tolera							
Shaft Diameter		1	16~50	mm			
Shaft Length				10	0~3	3000mm	

PART NUMBER	OUTER DIAMETER	E	h	В	Н	Т	Х	С	θ	Sı	aı	a₂	dı	WEIGHT (kgf/m)
TBS16A	Ф16	25	22	50	14.79	6	8	37	60°	Ф5.5	6	9.5	5.5	2.66
TBS20A	Ф20	27.5	29	55	19.72	8	8	40	50°	Ф5.5	6.5	11	6.6	4.23
TBS25A	Ф25	32.5	32	65	20,13	10	8	45	50°	Ф6.6	6.5	11	6.6	5.85
TBS30A	Ф30	37.5	36.5	75	22.35	12	10.3	55	50°	Ф6.6	8.5	14	9	8.28

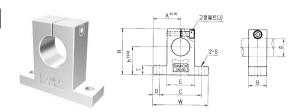
PART NUMBER	Max. Length (mm)	Р	500	600	800	1000	1200	1400	NXNH 1600	1800	2000	2200	2400	2600	3000
TBS16	3000	150	25×3	75×3	100× 4	50×6	75×7	25×9	50×10	75×11	25×13	50×14	75×15	25×17	75×19
TBS20	3000	150	25×3	75×3	100×4	50×6	75×7	25×9	50×10	75×11	25×13	50×14	75×15	25×17	75×19
TBS25	3000	200	50×2	100×2	100×3	100×4	100×5	100×6	100×7	100×8	100×9	100×10	100×11	100×12	100×14
TBS30	3000	200	50×2	100×2	100×3	100×4	100×5	100×6	100×7	100×8	100×9	100×10	100×11	100×12	100×14

Note 1) N values can vary depending on length of Shaft.

Note 2) NH (Number of Holes): the number of mounting hole according to pitch value.

Note 3) P & N value must specified when orders

# Shaft Support



SHAFT SUPPORT SK	20
Samick Shaft Support(Aluminum)	
Shaft Diameter	

PART NUMBER	Shaft Outer diameter	h	Α	W	Н	Т	Е	D	С	В	S	J	WEIGH T (gf)
SK8	8	20	21	42	32.8	6	18	5	32	14	5.5	M4	24
SK10	10	20	21	42	32.8	6	18	5	32	14	5.5	M4	24
SK12	12	23	21	42	38	6	20	5	32	14	5.5	M4	30
SK13	13	23	21	42	38	6	20	5	32	14	5.5	M4	30
SK16	16	27	24	48	44	8	25	5	38	16	5.5	M4	40
SK20	20	31	30	60	51	10	30	7.5	45	20	6.6	M5	70
SK25	25	35	35	70	60	12	38	7	56	24	6.6	М6	130
SK30	30	42	42	84	70	12	44	10	64	28	9	М6	180
SK35	35	50	49	98	85	15	50	12	74	32	11	M8	270
SK40	40	60	57	114	96	15	60	12	90	36	11	М8	420

# |SF Shaft |

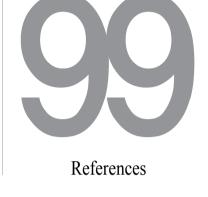




diameter	6	8 10	12 13 16	20 25 30	35 40 50	60 80
	-0.004	-0.005	-0.006	-0.007	-0.009	-0.010
tolerance(g6)	-0.012	-0.014	-0.017	-0.020	-0.025	-0.029
WEIGHT (kg/m)	0.22	0.39 0.62	0.89 1.04 1.58	2.46 3.85 5.55	7.55 9.86 15.41	22.18 39.44
Max Length(mm)	500	500 2000	2000 2000 3000	3000 3000 3000	3000 3000 3000	3000 3000

- Shaft dimensions are as follows
- Material: SUJ2(High carbon chromium bearing steet)
- Hardened depth: 0.8~2.5mm
- Straightness: 0.05mm/300mm

- Hardness: HxC58~64
- Surface finishing: 0.89~1.6S



# Hardness Conversion Table

			, s			
Deelavell	Violenna <sup>1</sup>	Briene II H	Hardness H <sub>s</sub>	Rockwell	l Hardness	Cham
Rockwell C Scale	Vickers <sup>1</sup> Hardness	Stan da rd	Tungsten	H <sub>R</sub> A	H₀B	Shore Hardness
H <sub>r</sub> C	Hv	Ball	Carbon Ball	A Scale	B Scale	Hs
68	940	-	-	85.6	-	97
67	900	-	-	85.0	-	95
66	865	-	-	84.5	-	92
65	832	-	739	83.9	-	91
64	800	-	722	83.4	-	88
63	772	-	705	82.8	-	87
62	746	-	688	82.3	-	85
61	720	-	670	81.8	-	83
60	697	_	654	81.2	_	81
59 58	674 653	_ _	634 615	80.7 80.1	_ _	80 78
57	633	_	595	79.6	_	76 76
56	613	_	577	79.0 79.0	_	75
55	595	_	560	79.5 78.5	_	74
54	577	_	543	78.0	_	72
53	560	_	525	77.4	_	71
52	544	500	512	76.8	_	69
51	528	487	496	76.3	_	68
50	513	475	481	75.9	_	67
49	498	464	469	75.2	_	66
48	484	451	455	74.7	-	64
47	471	442	443	74.1	-	63
46	458	432	432	73.6	-	62
45	446	421	421	73.0	-	60
44	434	409	409	72.5	-	58
43	423	400	400	72.0	-	57
42	412	390	390	71.5	-	56
41	402	381	381	70.9	-	55
40	392	371	371	70.4	-	54
39	382	362	362	69.9	-	52
38	372	353	353	69.4	-	51 50
37 36	363 354	344 336	344 336	68.9 68.4	- (100 0)	50 49
35	345	327	327	67.9	(109.0) 108.5	48
34	336	319	319	67.4	108.0	47
33	327	311	311	66.8	107.5	46
32	318	301	301	66.3	107.0	44
31	310	294	294	65.8	106.0	43
30	302	286	286	65.3	105.5	42
29	294	279	279	64.7	104.5	41
28	286	271	271	64.3	104.0	41
27	279	264	264	63.8	103.0	40
26	272	258	258	63.3	102.5	38
25	266	253	253	62.8	101.5	38
24	260	247	247	62.4	101.0	37
23	254	243	243	62.0	100.0	36
22	248	237	237	61.5	99.0	35
21	243	231	231	61.0	98.5	35
20 (18)	238 230	226 219	226 219	60.5 -	97.8 96.7	34 33
(16)	230	219	212		96.7 95.5	32
(14)	213	203	203	_	93.9	3∠ 31
(12)	204	194	194	_	92.3	29
(10)	196	187	187	_	90.7	28
(8)	188	179	179	-	89.5	27
(6)	180	171	171	-	87.1	26
(4)	173	165	165	-	85.5	25
(2)	166	158	158	-	83.5	24
0	160	152	152	-	81.7	24

Fitting Tolerances for Shaft and Housing Bore Diameter (Metric Series)

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) ja me		<u>α</u>	0 φ	9 4 9			19		3 -1		5 –13		8 –15		0 –18		2 + 4 2 - 4	
ore [			4 4 8	9 4 9	3 +12		3 - 12	2 +30		4 +24		89	2 -18	434			6 ±4 -22	
ng B	٦	3 77	4 9	9 4	5 +8		φ		ရာ 10		5		3 -12	6 +22			8 + 26 7 - 14	
Tolerance of Housing Bore Diameter		90 8	7 4 5	9 +5	1 +5 4 4		ت بل		<b>ا</b> م	+10			φ 3		9		31 +18	
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rance	ळ	5 JS7	3 +5	4 +6	5 ±7		# 5.5±	- L	±4.5 ±6.5 ±10		ν Η		C H C	-	<u>&gt;</u> +l ⊑		25 ± 2	
Tole		5 586	2 +3	5 ±4	3 ±4.5			- L	ဂ ဂ	L	Σ HI	- L	C S FI C		5 H		9 ±12	
		3 185	+2	+25	1+3	-	<del> </del>	-	<del> </del>	+	C: C: -I		C.O.H		¢./±		6+1	
		완 2	+14	#	+22	+27		89		66+		+13 +19 +30 +46		+15 +22 +35 +54			+18 +25 +40 +63	
	I	H 9	+4+6+10+14	+5 +8 +12 +18 0	+6 +9 +15 +22 0	+8+11+18+27	0	+9 +13 +21 +33	0	+11 +16 +25 +39	0	)E+ 6	0	2 +3	0		5 +40	
		H5 H6	+4+	42	94 94	+8 +8		1 1 1 1		포		± ±		÷	! !		18 +2	
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Tolerance of Shaft Diameter		<u>18</u>	+2 +	+25	+I		+1 4 +1		+4.5 +1		7 C H		FI C: FI		ti c:/ti		+1 6 +1	
Shaft		h8 j						-		-		-		-				
o Q		h7	0 -4-6-10-14	0-5-8-12-18	0 -6 -9 -15 -22		-8-11-18-27		-9 -13 -21 -33		-11-16 -25-39		-13 -19 -30 -46		-15 -22 -35 -54		0 -18 -25 -40 -63	
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	π.	ind	m	9	10	4	<u>&amp;</u>	24	900	40	20	65	· 8	100	120	140	160	180
Nominal	(mm)		, ,		<del>-</del>													
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•• The Principle of Linear System Linear Bushing

By SAMICK the Linear Instinct 100 101

### Fitting Tolerances for Shaft and Housing Bore Diameter (Inch Series)

### Tolerance of hosing bore

	SE	ZE	Н	15	Н	16	H	17	H	18
	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm
OVER BELOW	0.1181 0.2362	3 6	0.0002	0.005 0	0.0003	0.008	0.0004	0.012 0	0.0007 0	0.018 0
OVER BELOW	0.2362 0.3937	6 10	0.0002	0.006 0	0.0003	0.009 0	0.0003	0.015 0	0.0008	0.0 <i>2</i> 2 0
OVER BELOW	0.3937 0.7087	10 18	0.0003	0.008	0.004 0	0.011 0	0.0007	0.018 0	0.0010 0	0.0 <i>2</i> 7 0
OVER BELOW	0.7087 1.1811	18 30	0.0003	0.009	0.0005 0	0.013 0	0.0008	0.0 <i>2</i> 1 0	0.0013 0	0.033
OVER BELOW	1.1181 1.9685	30 50	0.0004	0.011	0.0006	0.016 0	0.0009	0.0 <i>2</i> 5 0	0.0015 0	0.039
OVER BELOW	1.9685 3.1496	50 80	0.0005	0.013	0.007 0	0.019	0.0011 0	0.030	0.0018 0	0.046 0
OVER BELOW	3.1496 4.7244	80 120	0.0005	0.015 0	0.008	0.0 <i>2</i> 2 0	0.0013	0.0 <i>3</i> 5 0	0.0021	0.0 <i>5</i> 4 0

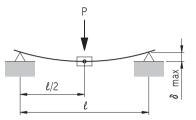
#### Tolerance of shaft

	SZ	E	g	5	gl	6	g	7	h5	5	he	6	h	7
	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm
OVER BELOW	0.1181 0.2362	3 6			-0.0001 -000004					0 -0.005	0 -0.0003	0 -0.008	0 -0.0004	0 -0.012
OVER BELOW	0.2362 0.3937	6 10			-0.0002 -0.0005					0.006	-0,0003	0.009	0	0 -0.015
OVER BELOW	0.3937 0.7087	10 18			-0.0002 -0.0006					0 -0.008	0 -0.0004	0 -0.011	0 -0.0007	0 -0.018
OVER BELOW	0.7087 1.1811	18 30			-0.0002 -0.0007					0.009	0 -0.0005	0 -0.013	0 -0.0008	0 -0.021
OVER BELOW	1.1811 1.9685	30 50			-0.0003 -0.0009					0 -0.011	0 -0.0006	0 -0.016	0 -0,0009	0 -0.025
OVER BELOW	1.9685 3.1496	50 80	-0.0004 -0.0009		-0.0004 -0.0011					0 -0.013	0 -0.0007	0 -0.019	0 -0.011	0.030
	3.1496 4.7244				-0.0004 -0.0013					-	0 -0.0008	0 -0.022	0 -0.0013	0 -0.035

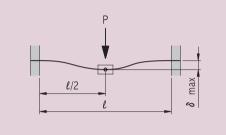
# **::** Equations for shaft deflection amount calculation

#### Variations of support and Load

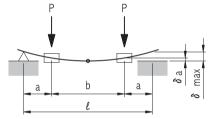
#### Equation for Deflection Amount (mm)



$$\delta$$
 max =  $\frac{P \cdot \ell^3}{48 \cdot E \cdot I}$  = 2.021×10<sup>-6</sup>  $\frac{P \cdot \ell^3}{d^4}$ 

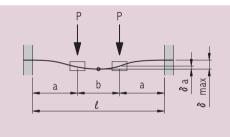


$$\delta$$
 max =  $\frac{P \cdot \ell^3}{192 \cdot E \cdot I}$  = 5.053 × 10<sup>-6</sup>  $\frac{P \cdot \ell^3}{d^4}$ 



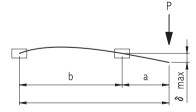
$$\delta a = \frac{P \cdot a^2}{6 \cdot E \cdot I}$$
 (2a+3b)=1.617×10<sup>-4</sup>  $\frac{P \cdot a^2 (2a+3b)}{d^4}$ 

$$\delta_{\text{max}} = \frac{P \cdot a^2}{24 \cdot E \cdot I} (3\ell - 4a^2) = 4.042 \times 10^{-5} \frac{P \cdot a \cdot (3\ell^2 - 4a^2)}{d^4}$$



$$\delta a = \frac{P \cdot a^3}{6 \cdot E \cdot I} (2 - \frac{3a}{\ell}) = 1.617 \times 10^{-4} \frac{P \cdot a^3}{d^4} (2 - \frac{3a}{\ell})$$

$$\delta \max = \frac{P \cdot a^2}{24 \cdot E \cdot I} (2a+3b)=4.042 \times 10^{-6} \frac{P \cdot a^2 \cdot (2a+3b)}{d^4}$$



$$\delta \max = \frac{P \cdot a^2 \ell}{3 \cdot E \cdot I} = 3.234 \times 10^{-4} \frac{P \cdot a^2 \ell}{d^4}$$

E: Modulus of Longitudinal Elasticity 2.1× 104(kgf/mm²)

P: Applying Load (kgf)

I : Geometrical Moment of Inertia(mm<sup>4</sup>);  $I=\pi$  of /64, Hollow shaft :  $I=\pi$  (of 4-dif 4)/64

di: Shaft inner-diameter(mm), d: Shaft Outer-diameter (mm)